JACK BRAND PILSENER
BREWED FROM THE FINEST ENGLISH HOPS.
SOLE AGENTS IN INDIA
B. SMYTH & CO. LTD.,
BOMBAY AND CALCUTTA.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 51,777—New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1899.

OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

VISITORS TO THE OLD
BAILEY'S
(UNDER ROYAL PATRONAGE)
CONTAINS OVER 300 APARTMENTS, FURNISHED WITH ALL MODERN LUXURY. TWO MINUTES FROM THE PARK, KENSINGTON GARDENS, IMPERIAL INSTITUTE, AND
HOTEL
MIDST OF THE FASHIONABLE QUARTER.
MODERATE TARIFF.
GLOUCESTER ROAD, LONDON, S.W.

SHIPPING.

P. & O. S. N. COMPANY.

PASSENGERS' LANDING ARRANGEMENTS.

ON ARRIVAL of the ENGLISH MAIL STEAMERS at BOMBAY, Passengers will be landed as soon as possible at BALLARD PIER. All Baggage will be landed at the same place, where it will be sorted and Delivered after payment of duty.

No Launches or Boats except those of the P. and O. Company will be allowed alongside the Steamer until the Passengers have left.

In order to prevent confusion, no person will be allowed to go on Board the Mail Steamers on Arrival, and Friends wishing to meet Passengers must await them on the Ballard Pier.

F. C. ALLEN,
Acting Superintendent.

Bombay, 7th October, 1899

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	SATURDAY, 2 P.M.	
			1899.	
M. L. CARTHAGE	5198	J. H. Lendon	18th	Nov.
CALEDONIA	7538	E. H. Gordon	25th	"
M. L. ARABIA	7903	J. L. Parfitt	2nd	Dec.
* PENINSULAR	5287	W. Wheler	9th	"
M. L. CALEDONIA	7538	E. Gordon	16th	"
* SHANNON	4262	L. M. Wilmer	23rd	"
M. L. PENINSULAR	5287	W. Wheler	30th	"
			1900.	
* ORIENTAL	5284	J. F. Jephson	6th	Jan.
M. L. EGYPT	7912	G. Langbourne	13th	"
CARTHAGE	5198	J. H. Lendon	20th	"
M. L. ORIENTAL	5284	J. F. Jephson	27th	"
* ARABIA	7903	J. L. Parfitt	3rd	Feb.
M. L. CARTHAGE	5198	J. H. Lendon	10th	"
* CALEDONIA	7538	E. H. Gordon	17th	"
M. L. ARABIA	7701	J. L. Parfitt	24th	"
* PENINSULAR	5287	W. Wheler	3rd	Mar.
M. L. CALEDONIA	7 38	E. H. Gordon	10th	"
* EGYPT	7912	G. Langbourne	17th	"
M. L. PENINSULAR	5287	W. Wheler	24th	"
* ORIENTAL	5284	J. F. Jephson	31st	"
M. L. EGYPT	7912	G. Langbourne	7th	April.

The steamers marked M. L. proceed to MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON.

The steamers marked * proceed to ADEN only, and passengers tranship there for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH or LONDON.

The BRINDISI route is closed at present owing to quarantine.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to Sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage Labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at the place between 11 A.M., and 12-30 P.M., for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's steam barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

The Company's STEAMERS LEAVE BOMBAY FORTNIGHTLY, usually on TUESDAYS, taking Passengers for [illegible], CHINA, and JAPAN, and re[illegible] Tickets [illegible] favourable terms.

[illegible] at Port Said for Brindisi, [illegible] dispatched to China at frequent intervals. For further particulars apply to

F. C. ALLEN,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, 23rd September, 1899.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S.N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

TO TRIESTE DIRECT VIA ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	To sail on.
IMPERATRIX	G. Morovich	4,213	1st Dec. 1899.
IMPERATOR	G. Klausberger	4,110	1st Jan. 1900.
IMPERATRIX	G. Morovich	4,213	1st Feb. 1900.

TRIESTE OR VENICE	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
	Rs. 600.	Rs. 375.	Rs. 150.

TO TRIESTE, VIA KURRACHEE, ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	To Sail on or about
POSEIDON	A. Lova	3,878	7th Dec., 1899.
VINDOBONA	C. Hellen	4,351	7th Jan., 1900.
GISELA	F. Mosca	4,253	7th Feb., 1900.

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

TO TRIESTE OR VENICE	Saloon.	Deck.
	Rs. 375	Rs. 150.

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
Available for 6 months	Rs. 960.	Rs. 675.
Available for 12 months	" 1,060.	" 625.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards, and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the Return Voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co., at reduced fares.

This arrangement will prove of special advantage to passengers on three months' privilege leave.

Steamers leave TRIESTE for BOMBAY direct on the 3rd and those via KURRACHEE on the 23rd of each month.

Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company, which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONG KONG, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
GISELA	F. Mosca	4,253	20th Nov., 1899.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage &c., apply to

E. SCARPA, Agent.

Sassoon House 2, Church Gate Street, Bombay, Nov., 16, 1899.

WILLIAM WATSON AND CO.,

BANKERS & AGENTS,

BOMBAY—8, Hornby Road.
CALCUTTA—3-1, Council House Street.
KARACHI—Bunder Road.
LONDON—7, Waterloo Place, S. W.
LIVERPOOL—23, Water Street.
PORT SAID—8, Quay Francois Joseph.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened with any amount over Rs. 200 without charge for Commission, and Interest allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 3, 6, 9 and 12 Months, at Interest to be learned on application.

PAY, PENSIONS AND ANNUITIES collected FREE of COMMISSION, and without Life Certificates.

Letters of CREDIT payable anywhere, issued at Current Rates.

DRAFTS, CHEQUES AND BANK BILLS issued, cashed or sent for Collection.

TELEGRAPHIC AND REGULAR HOME FAMILY REMITTANCES made AT THE BEST Exchange rate of the day.

ADDRESSES of HOME friends for Telegraphic purposes registered FREE.

VOLUMINOUS Private CODE minimizing expense, at CLIENTS' Service.

STOCKS, SHARES, &c., bought and sold.

GOVERNMENT PAPER AND OTHER SECURITIES kept for safe custody, and Interest and Dividends collected.

LOANS and ADVANCES made on approved securities.

MONIES Cabled and paid same day in England. Cost of Message about Rs. 8, and NO COMMISSION charged for remitting.

SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, &c., bought and supplied at specially favourable rates.

ASSURANCE—LIFE, FIRE, MARINE—effected at reasonable rates.

Agents for the STANDARD and ORIENTAL LIFE OFFICES.

Full information promptly given and Handbooks sent free on application.

THOS. COOK AND SON,

BANKERS AND ARMY AGENTS.

PASSAGES PROMPTLY ENGAGED by P. & O. Mail, and all other Steamers, including non-Liners FREE of CHARGE for COMMISSION.

SPECIAL ATTENTION given to the selection of berths and Social Grouping of Passengers.

THROUGH TICKETS issued available from any Railway Station in India to all parts of the Globe.

CONTINENTAL TRAVELLING TICKETS issued, allowing breaks of Journey at all places of interest.

PASSENGERS with COOK'S Tickets met and assisted at all Chief Continental Ports and Cities.

REDUCED RATES to Railway Family employés, Parties and Missionaries.

OUTWARD PASSAGES engaged and Tickets supplied from any part of the world to India.

HOTEL COUPONS available at over 2,000 Hotels.

REDUCED FARES for Military Officers, Government Officials, and Missionaries to Europe via China and America.

HEAVY BAGGAGE received, forwarded and insured.

LIFE and ACCIDENT INSURANCE policies issued.

CIRCULAR NOTES and LETTERS of CREDIT issued for the use of Travellers in all parts of the World.

DRAFTS issued at the Exchange of the day.

SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, and Foreign money bought and supplied. CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept, and Interest allowed when the Credit Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000.

DEPOSITS received. Rate of interest on application.

INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected and every description of Banking and Money Agency transacted.

Hand book of information free on application.

BOMBAY: 13, Esplanade Road.

CALCUTTA: Old Court House Street.

VISITING CARDS, DIES, CRESTS, Monograms, &c., &c., in elegant style and at the shortest notice. Engraving, Copper-plate Printing and Lithographic Printing in all colours. Price lists free on application to SUPERINTENDENT

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, (LIMITED.)

intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "KOLA" 1192 tons, on the 24th November, at 2 p.m., or later, on arrival of the English Mail.

FOR COAST PORTS AND KURRACHEE.

S. S. "DWARKA," 1,695 tons, on the 21st November, at 10 a.m., calling at Verawal, Mangrole, Porebunder and Cutch Mandvie, (weather permitting).

FOR KURRACHEE, AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "SIMLA," 1,615 tons, at 10 a.m., on the 23rd November, calling at Kurrachee, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingo, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, (weather permitting.)

FOR ADEN, MOMBASSA, ZANZIBAR AND LAMOO.

S. S. "CANARA," 1,902 tons, on or about 20th November.

FOR KURRACHEE, SEYCHELLES, MOMBASSA AND ZANZIBAR.

S. S. "NUDDEA," 3,005 tons, on or about 30th November.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA

S. S. "CHINDWARA," 2,011 tons, on or about 23rd November.

FOR MANILA.

A THREE WEEKLY direct service has been started from Calcutta to Manila, calling at Rangoon, Penang and Singapore, rates for Passengers and Cargo, and dates of sailing can be obtained from the Undersigned.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 17th November, 1899.

KING, KING & CO.,

BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged by P. & O. and all Steamers at the lowest rates obtainable free of charge or Commission.

Lists of the LATEST SAILINGS, with Fares and full information as to berths available, furnished at once.

Special attention paid to the grouping of those wishing to travel 2nd Class, P. & O. Every assistance rendered to Passengers arriving in Bombay for embarkation. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and shipped.

THROUGH RAILWAY TICKETS from any Station in India to Bombay, and Tickets for all Continental Routes furnished on application.

SPECIAL AGENTS of the Firm meet all Steamers at BRINDISI and MARSEILLES.

PACKAGES of every description received for despatch as CARGO to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London; or Messrs. King, Baillie ance office, Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance effected at the Lowest Rates. QUOTATIONS FURNISHED.

KING, HAMILTON & CO.,

CALCUTTA.

HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES DIRECT.
VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on Tuesday,
TONKIN	6,309	Vaquier	21st Nov. 1899.
ANNAM	6,309	Leguisquillier	19th Dec. 1899.
OCEANIEN	4,249	Schmitz	16th Jan. 1900.

TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, JAVA, SAIGON, TONQUIN, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

S. S. "SALAZIE," 4,255 tons, Captain Allegre to sail on or about the 13th December, 1899. For weekly departures thereafter.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares. This arrangement will prove, in some cases, of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

For further Particulars apply to

C. RUINAT, Agent.

New Oriental Bank Buildings, 57, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., BOMBAY,

GRINDLAY & Co.,
CALCUTTA,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.

PASSAGES booked without charge, and on favourable terms. Berths carefully selected.

SLEEPING Car and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.

TEA PLANTERS, RAILWAY OFFICIALS, MISSIONARIES, booked at reduced rates.

PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND *via* JAPAN and AMERICA, by the Canadian Pacific Occidental and Oriental and Pacific Mail Routes.

HANDBOOK giving details of Fares, &c., and of Sailings by all Lines sent FREE on application.

PASSENGERS met on arrival.

BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.

PACKAGES cleared or shipped.

CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS, and SOVEREIGNS at current rates.

London Agents: GRINDLAY & CO.

S. R. BOTTLEWALLA AND CO.,

FINANCIAL AGENTS AND GENERAL BROKERS.

(ESTABLISHED 1886.)

TRANSACT EVERY KIND OF PERSONAL AGENCY, PARTICULARLY:—

NATIVE STATE AGENCY.—The Sovereigns, Princes, Chiefs, Nobles and Jaghirdars of Native states will best consult their interests by employing this firm as their BOMBAY AGENTS.

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ADVANCES on fixed and equitable mortgages deposit of title deeds.

LOANS on every description of tangible or good personal security. Secrecy and dispatch guaranteed.

MOFUSSIL AGENCY.—Up-country residents will find it greatly to their advantage to place all their ORDERS and COMMISSIONS in our hands. We undertake to execute them with care and fidelity and to give complete satisfaction.

GOVERNMENT PAPER, Stocks and Shares bought and sold, and advice given as to investments.

RECOVERY OF OUTSTANDINGS, RENT, and DEBTS collected and recovered.

PARTNERSHIP AND BUSINESS AGENCY.—Partnerships negotiated. Partners with capital introduced. Capital procured for starting businesses. Purchases and Sales of businesses negotiated.

LEGAL MATTERS, APPEALS, NEGOTIATIONS, PRIVATE ENQUIRIES, SETTLEMENTS UNDER ARBITRATION, skilfully conducted.

NOTE.—Under Section 37 of the Civil Procedure Code, and under Power of Attorney, Messrs. S. R. Bottlewalla & Co., act as the recognised Agents of mofussil constituents, thus saving them the necessity of coming to Bombay to file and conduct their cases.

FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCES effected with the best Offices and at the most favourable rates.

CHARGES: Moderate, TERMS on Application.

OFFICES:

18, BANK STREET, FORT, BOMBAY,
(Over Messrs. Crawford & Co., (Auctioneers.)

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HOTEL WINDSOR,

VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER,
LONDON, S. W., ENGLAND.
SPECIAL NOTICE.

ELECTRICALLY lighted throughout day and night. Moderate Tariff. Table d'Hote at Separate Tables, from 6-30 to 8-30 (open to non-residents). Turkish Baths.

INCLUSIVE TERMS FROM 12s. PER DAY.

J. R. CLEAVE & CO.,
Proprietors.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BOMBAY.

GRINDLAY & CO., CALCUTTA,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.

OPEN CURRENT and DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS and transact BANKING BUSINESS generally on terms which may be learnt on application; also REGIMENTAL and PERSONAL Agency.

LONDON AGENTS:—GRINDLAY & Co.

WHISKEY! WHISKEY!!

ONE OF THE FINEST SCOTCH WHISKIES over imported into this country is Messrs. PETER KEEGAN & CO'S OLD HIGHLAND "BALMORE" WHISKEY.

ESTABLISHED 1820.

HIGHEST POSSIBLE AWARD AND FIRST GOLD MEDAL, INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION, 1897.

Nothing Finer or Better. Supplied to all the Crack Hotels and Restaurants of Bombay.

Every bottle bears a certificate from the great eminent Physician, Analyst and Scientist, Sir CHARLES A. CAMERON, Kt., M.D.; D.Ph.; Professor of Chemistry and Hygiene, L. K. Q. C. P. I., F. R. C. S. I., &c., &c.

Try it only once and you will never like any other. Absolutely pure and well matured.

Benefit of introduction at Specially Low Rates to Messes, Clubs, Hotels, &c.

To be had RETAIL of Messrs. B. PHILLIPS and Co. Ld.; KEMP and Co., Ld.; FELICE CORNAGLIA.; MORENAS and Co.; D. C. UMRIGAR, &c., &c.

Apply for further particulars at the HEAD OFFICE, 18, Bank Street, Fort, Bombay.

NEWSPAPER SUPPLY AGENCY,

15, BANK STREET.

[illegible] SUPPLIES THE BOMBAY DAILY PAPERS FOR PERUSAL IN THE MORNING AND NOON AT MODERATE MONTHLY SUBSCRIPTION, ALSO HOME-PAPERS AND MAGAZINES.

Mofussil Residents are also supplied with Papers.

FOR TERMS APPLY TO
VINCENT AND COMPANY.

ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

ALL INTENDING ASSURERS should send for particulars of the ORIENTAL'S LIFE POLICY.

THE Best and Cheapest Assurance obtainable in India.

THE FUNDS EXCEED

RS. 1,50,00,000.

Claims Paid Over

NINETY LACS,

Since the Company was Established in 1874.

As the Expenses of Management are lower than those of any other Company of the same age, the "Oriental" can afford to grant POLICIES with Exceptionable Benefits,

Moderate Premiums,
Unquestionable Security,
Liberal Surrender Values,
Immediate Settlement of Claims.

Particulars and Forms may be obtained on application to the Office,

ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

R. PATERSON BROWN,
Acting Manager.

A TERRIBLE COUGH.
A TERRIBLE COUGH.
A TERRIBLE COUGH.

94, Commercial Road, Peckham, July 12

"Dear Sir,—I am a poor hand at expressing my feelings, but I should like to thank you. Your lozenges have done wonders in relieving my terrible cough. Since I had the operation of 'Tracheotomy' (the same as the late Emperor of Germany, and unlike him, thank God, I am still alive) performed at St. Bartholomew's Hospital, no one could possibly have had a more violent cough; it was so bad at times that it quite exhausted me. The mucous, which was very copious and hard, has been softened, and I have been able to get rid of it without difficulty.—I am, sir, yours truly, J. HILL."

A DOCTOR'S TESTIMONY.
A DOCTOR'S TESTIMONY.
A DOCTOR'S TESTIMONY.

"Routh Park, Cardiff, South Wales, Sept. 28, 1893.

"I have, indeed, great pleasure in adding my testimony to your excellent preparation of Cough Lozenges, and I have prescribed it now for the last eight years in my hospitals and private practice, and found it of great benefit. I often suffer from Chronic Bronchitis; your Lozenges is the only remedy which gives me immediate ease. Therefore, I certainly and most strongly recommend your Lozenges to the public who may suffer from Catarrh, Bronchitis, Winter Cough, or any kind of Pulmonary Irritation.—Yours truly,

A. GABRIEL, M.D., L.R.C.P. & L.M., Edinburgh, L.R.C.S. & L.M., Edinburgh.

USE KEATING'S LOZENGES.
USE KEATING'S LOZENGES.
USE KEATING'S LOZENGES.

"IT IS NEARLY 80 YEARS AGO" since KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES were first made, and the sale is larger than ever, because they are unrivalled in the relief and cure of Winter Cough, Asthma, and Bronchitis; one alone gives relief.

UTTERLY UNRIVALLED.
UTTERLY UNRIVALLED.
UTTERLY UNRIVALLED.

Keating's Cough Lozenges, the unrivalled remedy for COUGHS HOARSENESS, and THROAT TROUBLES are sold in Bottles by all Chemists.

TREACHER & CO., LD.,

ARE prepared to supply WHISKIES in Cask or Jars at the following low rates:—

	Ordinary. Rs. a.	Special Cash. Rs. a.
TREACHER & Co's Highland Malt. Per Gallon..	13 12	12 4
TREACHER & Co's Fine Old Glenlivet. Per Gallon	12 8	11 4
TREACHER & Co's Special Liqueur. Per Gallon	17 4	15 8
TREACHER & Co's Old Irish. Per Gallon	13 12	12 4

Or in Small Casks of about 8 Gallons at 4 ans. per Gallon less than the above.

BOMBAY. BYCULLA. POONA.

LONDON & LANCASHIRE LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY,

[ESTABLISHED 1862.]

Assurances on every sound and approved Plan effected on most Favourable Terms.

NORWICH & LONDON ACCIDENT INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.

(ESTABLISHED 1856).

THE NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY,

(ESTABLISHED 1797).

THE PHŒNIX FIRE OFFICE OF LONDON.

(ESTABLISHED 1782).

THE LANCASHIRE INSURANCE CO.,

(ESTABLISHED 1850).

As Agents of the above First-class Offices, we are prepared to accept LIFE, ACCIDENT, and FIRE RISKS.

Terms on application to W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., BOMBAY.

BAHADUR CIGARS.

PAR EXCELLENCE THE LEADING BRAND

OF INDIAN CIGARS.

WRITE FOR ILLUSTRATED PRICE LIST AND CATALOGUE.

SOLE MANUFACTURERS AND PROPRIETORS,

McDOWELL AND CO., LD.

MADRAS. LONDON.

BOMBAY PERFUMERY MART.

LARGEST & CHEAPEST HOUSE IN INDIA.

VARIETIES OF

PERFUMERY AND TOILETTE REQUISITES

FROM WELL KNOWN MANUFACTURERS, SUCH AS:—
PINAUD, PIVER, GELLE FRERES,
ROGER AND GALLET, FERD. MULHENS,
AND OTHERS.

☞ COMPARE PRICES ☜

RHINE VIOLET, Rs. 1-8. PEARS SOAP, Rs. 0-12-6.

EAU DE QUININE PINAUD, Small, Rs. 1-2. Large, Rs. 2-4.

JAVA POWDER, Rs. 0-11.

Where MADAME BLANCHE will put in her APPEARANCE and DANCE-a-la-ciele.

13, MEADOW STREET, FORT.

FREE BY POST.

NEW CATALOGUE OF

WATCHES
CLOCKS,
JEWELLERY,
OPTICS,
SILVERWARE,
ELECTRO-PLATE,
PIANOFORTES,
MUSICAL BOXES,
BICYCLES AND TRICYCLES.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

PHILLIPS and Co., Ld.

DEPOT FOR

NURSING AND SICK ROOM APPLIANCES,
MEDICAL REQUISITES AND
TOILET SUNDRIES.
AIR BEDS AND PILLOWS, BANDAGES,
THROAT BRUSHES, CHEST PROTECTORS,
CLINICAL THERMOMETERS,
COMBS, BRUSHES, RAZORS, SOAPS,
EAR, EYE AND NASAL APPLIANCES,
MAGNETO, ELECTRIC MACHINES, GALVANIC BATTERIES,
ENEMAS, DOUCHES, SYRINGES,
FEEDING BOTTLES OF ALL KINDS,
GASOGENES, SPARKLETS,
HOT WATER BOTTLES, INHALERS, LANCETS,
MEDICINE CHESTS FOR THE DISTRICTS,
OILED SILK, PLASTERS, LINT, COTTON, WOOL,
SMELLING BOTTLES, SPONGES, SPRAYS,
TOOTH BRUSHES, TRUSSES, EYE PRESERVERS.
DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE ON APPLICATION.

ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

BRITISH EMPIRE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE CO.,

To which has been transferred the business of

THE POSITIVE GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE Co., L[illegible]

ASSETS.....£2,470,000 PREMIUM AND [illegible]EST INCOME.....£370,000

Military and Naval Lives Assured on advantageous Terms.
Temperance Section for Europeans.
Special Bonus in the Temperance Section.
Native and European Lives Assured at uniform Rates.
Volunteers' Risks ordinary rates without extra charge
Six per cent. Investment Policies.
Whole Life and Endowment Assurances.

AGENTS for the Bombay Presidency:—

LATHAM & Co., Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

IMPORTANT TO CYCLISTS.

(The Triumph of the Creation is the Creation of the "Triumph")
Patronized by Royalty.

"THE RESILIENT TRIUMPH"

Has lately caused great commotion in the cycling world.

It is a Natural Spring Frame Bicycle of a register design

The forks and frames of the RESILIENT, LADIES' AND GENTS', are so designed as to absorb the vibration before it reaches the rider, and at the same time to increase the strength of the frame by causing the strain to be distributed evenly over the entire machine. "Experts declare that the purpose of the "RESILIENT TRIUMPH" has been successfully accomplished, and as a natural sequence this type of machine is coming rapidly to the front as a first favourite."

British Journal of Commerce of July, 1899.

The attention of riders in the districts is specially drawn to the Resilient Triumph which is the most comfortable and easy-running bike on rough roads.

IMPORTANT.—The vibration-absorbing qualities of the Resilient "Triumph" will be apparent to anyone who after having subjected it to a fair trial returns to a rigid diamond frame, when the difference in comfort of the "Resilient Triumph" will be found to be enormous.

The speed qualities of this machine are proved by the fact that Mr. W. S. Yeomans, of the Silverdale C.C., mounted on a standard pattern Resilient, beat the Lands End to London Unpaced [illegible] 2hrs. 37mins. on October 3rd, 1893, over distance in 25 hrs. 58 mins.

For fully illustrated catalogues, apply to the Sole-Agents:—

THE BOMBAY AND PROVINCIAL CYCLE SUPPLY AGENCY

Charni Road, Bombay, (Near Messrs STEPHENS and SONS' Stables.)

(Orders are being registered to prevent disappointment.)

DANTRA'S CELEBRATED TEA.

IN 1, 5 and 10 lbs. AIR-TIGHT ROUND TIN BOXES.

	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a.
ROYAL ORANGE PEKOE.....Per lb.	2 0 0	ORANGE PEKOE.....Per lb.	1 0
ROSE ORANGE PEKOE..... "	1 12 0	PEKOE..... "	0 14
GOLDEN ORANGE PEKOE..... "	1 8 0	PEKOE SOUCHONG..... "	0 12
FLOWERY ORANGE PEKOE..... "	1 4 0	SOUCHONG..... "	0 10

Our 13 years standing in the Trade is a sufficient guarantee for the Genuine and Superior Quality and Moderate Prices of our Teas. Discount allowed to Messes, Clubs, Merchants and other large buyers. All orders executed with care and promptitude. A trial earnestly solicited.

Established 1887. N. B. DANTRA & Co., Established 1887.

TEA MERCHANTS,

33 CHURCH GATE STREET, FORT, BOMBAY

GENUINE HUSCHKE'S COLOGNE WATER.

(LEADING BRAND SINCE 1842.)

HAS been imported into THIS COUNTRY CONTINUALLY in increasing quantities for the last 40 years. This fact proves its excellent qualities are well understood and appreciated by the public. Imitations have reached this market and inferior brands have been forward, bearing labels closely imitating the Genuine Huschke 3 Label. All such imitations will be prosecuted, and the public are requested to beware of them, and to see that the label on each bottle and bears the 3 Stars in Blue, and on the back of the Label, as seen through the bottle, the inscription:

"GENUINE HUSCHKE'S COLOGNE WATER"

To be had from all Chemists and Druggists in [illegible] part of India.

RUSTOMJEE MANEC[illegible]E & CO.,

18, PARSEE BAZAAR, FO[illegible]

SOLE DEALERS IN [illegible]

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TIVOLI THEATRE.

A GRAND EXHIBITION OF

EDISON'S PROJECTING ELECTRIC KINETOSCOPE

OR

LIVING PICTURES.

This Projecting Electric Kinetoscope is the only instrument that does not flutter or tire the eyes.

THIS EVENING, SATURDAY, 18TH NOVEMBER, AT 5-45 P.M.

25 Selected films will be exhibited in this Performance.

The Electric Light is used in exhibiting the Pictures.

PRICES of ADMISSION: Rs. 2, Re. 1-8, Re. 1 and Annas 8.

Soldiers and Sailors in Uniform and children under twelve at half price.

THE SUPERIORESS OF

ST. JOSEPH'S CONVENT,

BANDORA,

Has much pleasure in inviting the Friends and Benefactors of the Institution to patronize the two entertainments

ON THE 25TH AND 27TH NOVEMBER, RESPECTIVELY.

ON SATURDAY, 25TH, CONSISTING OF "FIVE TABLEAUX VIVANTS."

Taken from the life of Mary, Queen of Scots, with corresponding music and declamation:

ON MONDAY, 27TH,

Of a Comedy in one Act,

"PRIDE AND HUMILITY,"

With vocal and instrumental music.

The heavy expenses incurred by the erection of new buildings and other contemplated improvements oblige the sisters to have recourse to this means of paying entertainments to obtain in this manner a substantial help to defray the heavy expenses.

TICKETS:—

Reserved at Rs. 2 each day; Non Reserved, Re. 1; Children under 12, (half price) may be bought at the Convent, Messrs ROSE and Co., and the office of The "Times of India."

The entertainments will commence at 5-30 P.M., in the Convent Hall, which has been enlarged.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per S. S. "SILESIA," from TRIESTE and INTERMEDIATE PORTS, are hereby informed of the Vessel's arrival, and requested to take immediate DELIVERY of their GOODS landed at the VICTORIA DOCK, No. 4.

The Company's SURVEYOR will attend every morning to survey Damages, and Claims in this respect must be adjusted and presented within 5 days of the Steamer's arrival, otherwise none will be entertained.

E. SCARPA, Agent.

WANTED.

TENDERS for lease of Refreshment Bar at Race Course, Mahaluxmi, from December 1899 to April 1900. Apply to

SECRETARY, W. I. T. C., 20, Queen's Gardens, Poona, or Byculla Club, Bombay.

THE MUIR MILLS CO., LIMITED,

Cawnpore.

DURRIES! DURRIES! DURRIES!

Speciality, New Style, BORDERED CARPETS.

FARASH! FARASH! FARASH!

NEWEST and Best designs in the Market.

TENTS! TENTS! TENTS!

CATALOGUE AND ESTIMATES FREE

On Application To MANAGER and SECRETARY.

A NEW ATTRACTION.

TARAPOREVALA,

MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY,

HAS OPENED A DEPARTMENT OF TOYS for the coming X'mas Season.

MECHANICAL TOYS—QUITE THE LATEST, At an UNEXCEPTIONALLY CHEAP RATE.

SPECIAL QUOTATION TO LARGE PURCHASERS.

D. B. TARAPOREVALA, SONS & Co., BOOKSELLERS, BOMBAY.

OUR SPECIAL BOXES OF XMAS CARDS,

FOR Rs. 1-8-0,

ONE RUPEE,

TWELVE ANNAS,

AND EIGHT ANNAS,

OFFER EXCEPTIONAL VALUE FOR THE PRICE.

60,000 BOXES SOLD LAST SEASON.

Before buying XMAS CARDS for this season ELSEWHERE fail not to see OUR GRAND COLLECTION FOR 1899-1900.

A clever series of forty different characters in "the skirt up" cards for bachelors and others, now selling by hundreds every day. Try to secure some at once.

CALENDARS AND BOOKLETS.

OUR PRICES IN THIS LINE NOW TAKE A LOT OF BEATING.

FANCY CALENDARS,

LADDER CALENDARS,

BLOCK CALENDARS AND TURN OVER CALENDARS.

Prices 8 Annas, One Rupee & Rs. 2-8.

THOUSANDS OF NEW DESIGNS AND NEW IDEAS.

QUITE THE LATEST AND UP-TO-DATE COMIC CARDS.

TOO MUCH OF FUN,

PLENTY TO LAUGH,

AND SENTIMENTS QUITE UNRESERVED WITH FRIENDSHIP, LOVE AND KISSES.

QUITE UNUSUAL IN THE XMAS CARD TRADE.

D. B. TARAPOREVALA, SONS & Co., BOOKSELLERS, BOMBAY.

STILL AT THE TOP OF THE TREE.

OUR NEW SERIES OF INDIAN XMAS CARDS, 1899-1900.

NOW READY.

500 DIFFERENT INDIAN CHARACTERS AND VIEWS.

SPECIAL ATTRACTION IN PRIVATE CARDS.

QUITE A NEW SERIES.

Orders in THIS SPECIAL LINE should be sent to us AS EARLY AS POSSIBLE to secure GOOD DESIGNS.

UP-COUNTRY CUSTOMERS

Requiring Xmas Cards on approval should furnish us with Bombay reference at the same time.

THE PANORAMA OF BOMBAY.

An album containing 2 DOZ. PHOTOGRAPHS of INDIAN CHARACTERS and VIEWS, done altogether by a NEW ARGENTOTYPE PROCESS.

AN EXCELLENT PRESENT TO FRIENDS AT HOME AND ABROAD.

Price, Rs. 5 only.

D. B. TARAPOREVALA, SONS & CO., BOOKSELLERS, BOMBAY.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT, AND SUMMARY OF TRADE,

Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, on the Departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.

The Bombay Price Current contains—

A Specially-Written Market Report.

Freight Report, &c.

Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week

Imports and Exports of Bullion.

Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total figures for the month, and for the same period, as per Ports, for 1899 and 1897 respectively.

Comparative Summaries of Imports of Piece-Goods, Sent of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month, and the same period, as far back as 1892 and [illegible] respectively.

Steam Lines and Rates of [illegible]

List of Vessels in Bombay [illegible] on the date of Sailing, and Arrivals at [illegible] of Vessels [illegible]

Current Rates of [illegible]

Current Quotations [illegible]

Mint Prices.

Bombay Gazette Office.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

UNDER THE DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE AND IMMEDIATE PRESENCE OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA OF BARODA, G.C.S.I.

GAIETY THEATRE.

IMMENSE SUCCESS!

ROARS of LAUGHTER! THUNDER of APPLAUSE!

Hundreds had to return disappointed for want of Room in all Classes!

ALMOST AN ENTIRE CHANGE OF PROGRAMME!

THIS EVENING, SATURDAY, 18TH NOVEMBER, AT 5 P.M.

GRAND EXHIBITION OF ONE OF THE GREATEST WONDERS OF THE 19TH CENTURY!

EDISON'S PROJECTING KINETOSCOPE.

THE LATEST WONDER OF THE AGE!

20 FILMS were EXHIBITED at the last performance and still more 25 will be shown in this performance, the largest number ever shown in one single performance!

THE INTERIOR OF THE THEATRE LIT UP WITH ELECTRIC LIGHT.

PIANO and VIOLIN MUSIC throughout the performance.

PRICES OF ADMISSION:—Rs. 2, Re. 1-8, Re. 1 and Ans. 8.

Plan at Messrs. KANJEEMUL BHUGWANDASS and Co., Jewellers, next to Messrs. EVANS FRAZER and Co., Hornby Row, Fort.

N. B.—Doors open at 5, and the performance begins at 5-45 P.M. sharp.

BUSINESS MANAGER.....C. TREVOR.

GRAND MOONLIGHT PROMENADE CONCERT AT THE BANDSTAND,

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 20TH, AT 9 P.M.

By permission the BANDSTAND will be enclosed and Illuminated, and prices of Admission will be as under:—

Promenade, Rs. 1, First Seat, Enclosure, Rs. 2.

REFRESHMENTS of the first quality under the management of Messrs. BORRI and Co.

PROGRAMME.

1. Overture .....Poet and Peasant.....Suppe. BAND, NORFOLK REGIMENT
2. Song (Comic) .....Selected ..... Captain CUPPAGE.
3. Song .....Il Bacio .....Arditi. MADAME SCHULTZ.
4. Cornet Solo .....I'll follow thee .....Farmer. Bandsman CHOWN and BAND.
5. Song (Comic) .....Selected ..... Captain CUPPAGE.
6. Glee (Tenors and Basses) .....The Three Chafers .....Truhn. MEMBERS OF THE BAND.

INTERVAL.

During which the Band will play "Ever and Ever Mine" Waltz, Under the Moon, Intermezzo.

7. Selection .....Erin .....Basquit. BAND NORFOLK REGIMENT with VOCAL CHORUS.
8. Song .....Duncan .....L. Kellie. Miss SPENCER.
9. Song .....That is how he says Good-bye.....Seymour Hicks. Mr. E. E. GREGOR PEARSE.
10. Song .....Selected ..... Miss CUPPAGE.
11. Piccolo Solo.....Lilliputian .....Brewer. Bandsman EMERSON and BAND.
12. Song, Comic .....Selected ..... Captain CUPPAGE.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Accompanist.....Mr. SEYMOUR DOVE.

Bandmaster.....Mr. G. B. BARTLETT.

Tickets at SOUNDY & Co., Ld.

NOW READY.

"BOMBAY GAZETTE" OVERLAND SUMMARY.

The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY* prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe, contains, in addition to all the news of the week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.

Annual Subscription (in advance) .....Rs. 12
Ditto (including postage to Europe), Rs. 15
Single Copy ..... As 4

"Bombay Gazette" Office, 18, Esplanade Road.

THE CHILTERNS, WENDOOERS, BUCKS.

THE Revd. C. E. R. ROBERTS, M.A., (St. John's Coll. Oxon) Assisted by qualified Masters, receives TWENTY BOYS (7 to 14 years) to prepare for Public Schools and Royal Navy. Grounds 21 acres; Gymnasium, Bathing, etc. Beautiful and healthy situation among the Chiltern Hills, 35 miles from London. Inclusive fees £60 a term. Entire charge of Boys whose parents reside abroad. A postal address.—The CHILTERNS, Halton, Tring, England.

MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, up to 2 P.M. on MONDAY, the 8th day of January, 1900 for the SUPPLY of ROAD METAL and ROAD BINDING MATERIAL for a term of three years, viz., from 1st March, 1900 to 28th February, 1903.

2. Form of Contract, Specification, &c., may, on payment of Re One, be obtained from the Undersigned, who will, on application, give any further information that may be required.

3. Tenders must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. Two Hundred in approved securities, or cash, or public securities, paid to the Chief Accountant in cash, or pubic securities, or of refusal to be forfeited in case of withdrawal of Tender, and [illegible] the Contract.

4. A further Deposit of Rupees Eight thousand will have to be made by the [illegible] of Rupees Eight thousand will have to be made by the [illegible] of Rupees Eight thousand will have to be made by the [illegible]

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1899.

NOTICES.

JAMES SMART,

ESTABLISHED 1851.

TAILORS & OUTFITTERS,

32, WALBROOK, LONDON, E.C.,

AND

56 & 566, CALLE PIEDAD, BUENOS AYRES.

KING, KING & Co.,

BOMBAY.

KING, HAMILTON & Co.,

CALCUTTA.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened free of charge for Commission, and interest at 2 per cent. per annum credited on 30th June and 31st December, when the minimum balance does not fall below Rs. 500. Currency Notes of all Circles and Pennand, Hundies payable in Bombay received without charge.

FIXED DEPOSITS received, subject to six and twelve months' notice of withdrawal at rates which can be ascertained on application.

REMITTANCES TO THE UNITED KINGDOM. Demand and Telegraphic, made at the current rates of Exchange, and addresses in connection with the latter registered Free of Charge through Messrs. HENRY S. KING & CO., 65, Cornhill, London.

LONDON:

HENRY S. KING & CO.

PROCLAMATION.—BOMBAY TO WIT.

—By virtue of a Precept to me directed, I hereby proclaim and give notice, that the FIFTH SESSIONS of 1899 of Over and Terminer, and General Gaol Delivery, will be holden before the Right Chief Justice and Puisne Judges of the Court House, on MONDAY, the TWENTIETH DAY of November, 1899, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, for the trial of all Treasons, Murders and other Felonies, Perjury, Premunire and all other Crimes, Misdemeanors and Offences, had, done, or committed within the Town and Island of Bombay, and the limits thereof, and the Factories subordinate thereto; and also to inquire, hear, and determine, in the like manner all Treasons, Murders, Felonies, Forgeries, Perjuries, Crimes, Extortions, Misdemeanors, Offences, Wrongs, and Oppressions had, done, or committed by any of Her Majesty's British Subjects in any of the Territories which now are subject to, or dependent upon, the Government of Bombay, or within any of the Dominions of the Native Princes of India in alliance with the said Government.

And also, that at the same time and place will be holden a Session of Admiralty, for the trial of all Treasons, Murders, Piracies, Robberies, Felonies, Misdemeanors, Offences and other Maritime Crimes whatsoever, done or committed on the High Seas.

And I hereby give notice to all persons bound to prosecute and give evidence at the above Sessions, or in any way concerned therein, that they are to attend at the time and place abovementioned, and not to depart without leave of the Court.

And I hereby give notice to all Justices of the Peace, Coroners, Escheators and also all Chief Constables and Bailiffs of the Town and Island of Bombay and the limits thereof, that they be then and there in their own persons, with their Rolls, Records, Indictments and other Remembrances to do those things which to their offices in that behalf appertain to be done.—Dated this 31st day of October of 1899.

GEORGE ALFRED BARNETT,
Sheriff of Bombay

INDIAN MIDLAND RAIWAY.

TENDERS FOR SUPPLY OF CASTOR OIL.

TENDERS are invited and will be received by the Agent at his office at Jhansi, upto noon on TUESDAY, the 2nd January, 1900, for the SUPPLY of CASTOR OIL, for a period of 12 months, commencing from the 1st April, 1900.

2. Forms of Tenders giving full particulars of the quantity required and the condition on which Tenders will be accepted or may be had on application from the Chief Store Keeper at the payment of a sum of Rs. 2 for each copy.

3. Tenders should be superscribed "Tenders for supply of Castor oil" and must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 (one thousand) without which no tender will be considered. Only cash, Currency Notes or Government Promissory Note will be received as deposit, and if the latter they must be endorsed in favour of the Agent, Indian Midland Railway Company, Ltd.

4. The Oil Tendered for to be in accordance with the Company's standard sample which may be seen at the Chief Store keeper's Office, Jhansi.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the low st or any Tender.

By Order,

ALEX: BREMNER,
Chief Store keeper.

Chief Store keeper's Office, Jhansi, the 19th October, 1899.

DECCAN BANKING AND AGENCY CORPORATION, LIMITED.

SHORT PERIOD FIXED DEPOSITS.

THE Bank receives Short Period Deposits during busy season at Bombay at the following Rates of Interest:—

At 5 1-2 p.r cent, per annum for 4 months.
" 5 " " 3 "
" 4 " " 2 "

M. HARE & Co.,
Managing Agents.

LANOWLI HOTEL.

EXCELLENT AND LOFTY SITUATION

NEAR RYEWOOD.

BEST CUISINE

OPENED FROM 1ST NOVEMBER

UNDER ENTIRE NEW MANAGEMENT FOR EUROPEANS ONLY.

For further Particulars apply MANAGER,

GLIMPSES OF THE EAST.

40 LOVELY PHOTOGRAPHIC VIEWS, comprising the most picturesque and interesting places of INDIA, BURMAH, CEYLON, and the STRAITS with full descriptive matter. Size of views, 9 1-2 in. by 7 1-2 in.

Rs. 3 only, the complete set. Paper Cover.

JUST THINK OF IT!!!

A VIEW ALBUM, containing a set of 24 views of the most prominent places in CALCUTTA, DARJEELING, and SIMLA, bound neatly in Cloth. (GILT) Covers, Size of Views, 4 in. by 4 1-2 in.

Rs. 1-8 each album—A grand thing for presentation or for friends abroad. Cash or V. P. P.

TRUSTT & CO.,
145-1, Dhurumtollah Street, Calcutta.

ROLLED STEEL BEAMS.

SOLE AGENTS IN WESTERN & NORTHERN INDIA.

FOR THE CARNEGIE STEEL Co., Ld.,

Pittsburg, U. S. A.

2,500 TONS OF CARNEGIE STEEL BEAMS, STEEL ANGLES, STEEL TEES, ETC.

Kept in Stock in Bombay.

Beams of all sections from 3 inch to 24 inch deep and in a large variety of lengths up to 44 feet.

Best and Strongest Beams in the Market. Quotations on application for Delivery at any Railway Station in India.

GEO. SERVICE & CO.,

BOMBAY.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.

TRADE THERAPION MARK.

This successful and highly popular remedy, as employed in the Continental Hospitals by Ricord, Rostan, Jobert, Velpeau, and others, combines all the desiderata to be sought in a medicine of the kind, and surpasses everything hitherto employed.

THERAPION No. 1 in a few days only removes all discharges from the urinary organs, effectually supersedingg injections, the use of which does irreparable harm by laying the foundation of stricture and other serious diseases. In dysentery, piles, irritation of the lower bowel, cough, bronchitis, asthma, and some of the more trying complaints of the hand, it will be found a safe, reliable, efficacious, affording prompt relief where other well tried remedies have been powerless.

THERAPION No. 2 for impurity of the blood, scurvy, pimples, spots, blotches, pains and swellings of the joints—often mistaken for rheumatism—secondary symptoms disease of the bones, sore throat, and all diseases for which it has been too much a fashion to employ mercury, sarsaparilla, &c., to the destruction of the sufferer's teeth and ruin of health, this preparation purifies the whole system through the blood, and thoroughly eliminates every poisonous matter from the body.

THERAPION No. 3 for nervous exhaustion, waste of vitality, harassing dreams, and all the distressing symptoms arising from early error, excess, resulting in lost, unhealthy climates, &c. It possesses surprising power in restoring strength and vigour to the debilitated.

THERAPION 4/6 per packet of all the principal Chemists and Merchants throughout the world. In ordering, the purchaser should state which of the three numbers he requires, and observe above Reg. Trade Mark, which as it appears on the Government Stamp (in white letters on a red ground), affixed to every genuine package by order of Her Majesty's Hon Commissioners, and without which it is a forgery.

CONTAMINATIONS

of the Blood, whether the after-effect of Contagious Disease, hereditary taint, or foul matter of any description, are positively carried out of the system by taking "CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE," the great Blood Purifier and Restorer. For cleansing and clearing the Blood from all Impurities it cannot be too highly recommended. For Scrofula, Scurvys Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the "cause" from the blood and bone. To be had of Chemists, &c., everywhere at 2s. 9d. and 4½s. per Bottle. Thousands of Testimonials.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS warranted to cure all Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex (acquired or constitutional). Drawing and Pains in the Back. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Sold in Boxes 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World. Proprietors—THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUGGISTS, Lincoln, England.

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half Yearly. Divid.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	10 p. c. 1 bon.	1,202 1-2
Bank of Bengal	40,000	60	all	10 pr. ct.	1,137½
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	10 pr. ct.	1,140
Commercial	{1-1,000 2-1,000}	100	{100 75}	6 p.c.	90
Bank of India	{15,000}	100	{75}		
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	1,00,000	£6	all	3 pr. ct.	80
Chart Bank	40,000	£20	£20	10 pr. ct.	£25 1-2
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	80,000	dol. 125	all	£1-10-0	£671
National Bank of India	40,000	£25	£12 1-2	8 pr. ct.	30
PRESS COMPANIES.				Yearly.	
Akbar	200	1,250	1,250	125	1,300xd
Albert Ginning Co.	100	500	all	18 pr. ct.	410
Albert (Kurrachee)	200	1,100	1,100	Rs. 80	725
Bellary	1o7	1,000	1,000 dvd 14 x		16
Bh o wnuggur City Press & Manfg. Co. Ld	1350	250	250	25	275
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co. Ld	1,000	125	125	Nil.	75
Bremen Ca mpore Press Co., Ld	50	200	200 dvd 130		180xd
Broach City Press Co., Ld	400	200	200 dv Rs 20		200xd
Colaba	500	1,880	1,880 dvd Rs 15		315
East India	350	1,000	1,000	125	1,300
English Press and Manfg	400	200	... dvd Rs 9		60
Fort	150	8,250	500 dvd Rs20		650
French	300	500	50 dvd Rs10		510
Harvey and Sahapathy	450	450	500 dvd Rs32		340xd
Hingoli Press Co., Ld	700	100	100	Rs 17	133xd
Khanderao Manfg. Co.	240	400	400 dvd Rs 80		475xd
Mahuva Press Co., Ld	300	200	all	15 pr. ct.	225
Mahmadpur Cotton G. and P. Co. Ld	300	500	500	53	55
Mercantile	600	125	125 dvd Rs 5		60
Mofussil Co	125	400	400 dvd Rs3		385
Mumbai	000	25	all	dvd Rs20	180
New Beraar	00	500	500 dvd Rs30		430
New Indian	00	125	125 dv Rs12½		125
Prince of Wales	100	200	00	20	165
Sh a bapath y (Bellary)	500	500	70	30	310
Sassoon	300	500	500	10	240xd
Sind and Punjab Co.	100	1,000	1,000	125	965
Sind	400	2,000	750	20	1,000
Sir a Woollen Mills	200	250	250	Nil.	75
Surat City Press Co., Ld.	37	200	all	1	310
Volkart	...	000	...	Rs 80	850
SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.					
Ahmedabad. Advantage	70	1,000	000	Half yearly. Nil	
Alliance	1,500	1,000	all		225
Anglo Indian	1,315	100	0	Nil	28
Assur Voorjee Mill Ltd.	In'all 2000 Shares of which 1002 have been allotted.	Rs. 500 each	Fully paid up	Rs. 25 12 1-2	nom.
Aurangabad S. & M. Co., Ld.		1,000	1,000		60
Bellary S. and W. (Bellary)		971	60	all	9 per ct. 1,00
Bombay Manfg Co., Ld		2,750	550,000	200	12 1-2 185
Bombay United		90	1,000	1,000	Nil 350
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co.		90	500	500	dvd Rs 20 425
Bombay Na tional Manfg. Co., Ld		500	1,500	1,000	90
Belsi and Northern India		500	200	200	dvd Rs10 150
Delhi Cloth & General Mills Co., Ld		2,000	250	250	9 p 16 520
Empire Cotton Mills		292	500	50	... 56
Hindustan Life A. Co., Ld		5,000	10	10	10 pr. ct. 18
Indian Guarantee Surety Ship Assn.		1,500	100	100	10 pr. ct. 180
John Roberts & Co.		4,000	200	175	21 345
Kamp & Co.		50	500	300	30 183
Kurrachee Landing		4,000	100	100	dvd Rs15 153xd
Marcha & Co., Ld.		1,000	200	200	9 pr. ct. 25
Napier Hotel Co.		1,000	100	100	60
Napier Foundry Oriental Govt Security Life Insurance		5,000	200	50	12 pr. c: 128xd
Phillips & Co.		4,000	100	100	dvd Rs 6 25
Port Canning Co.		6,000	00	1,000	25 480
Scully & Co		1,000	100		5
Thacker & Co.		2,000	500		0 1000
Thacker & Co.		1,500	100		dvd Rs 8 151xd
Uberhone Co.		2,200	231	100	11 27
RAILWAY COMPANIES.					
G. I. P. R. Consolidated		...	£100	...	... ...
B. B. & C. I. R. Co. New £12 Shares		...	£10	...	... ...
Ahmedabad Prantej Ld.		500	500	...	1 pr. ct. 500
Tapti Valley Ry. Co.		500	500	...	4 pr. ct. 162 1-2

PRICES OF BULLION.

Sovereigns	Rs. 15-1
Crown	" —/—
Mexican Dollars	" 69-4
Gold Five-Rupee Pieces	" —/—
Bar Silver	" 68-4 rdy. 68-2 fd.
Gold Leaf	" 4-62
Bar Gold, English (fine touch)	" 73-15-6
Bar Australian	" 73-3
Bar Bombay	" 2-5
Par Petie	" 29

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Paper and 4-half per cent Reduced 95-3
Unsolicited per cent, Debenture Loans 1918
New French Loan 5 per cent. 1878 .....
City of Paris Loan 5 per cent. 1871 .....
Four per cent. Port Trust Bond 100

SMOKE "RICHMOND GEM"—Cigarettes in round air-tight tins of 50, of all Tobacconists.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 9m. Sun sets, 5h. 21m. High water, 11-22m. Low water, 5-30m. 5 12s.

Railway Commission. Secretariat 11 a.m.

Decision of Marine Court re stranding of the s. s. Rajputana.

Royal Bombay Yacht Club, opening cruise with races.

B. V. Rifles, opening parade and march out.

B. V. Artillery, opening parade.

Gaiety Theatre, Edison's projecting Kinetoscope.

The Gaikwar's Visit to the Hindu Gymkhana, 4 p.m.

TO-MORROW.

Sun rises, 6h. 10m. Sun sets, 5h. 21m. High water, 0-10m., 0-2s. Low water, 6-10m., 5-48s.

CORRECTION.—In yesterday's issue the death of Mr. Kanji Dharmsi was noticed. By a misprint it read Mr. Nanji Dharamsi, but it should have been the former.

THE HINDU GYMKHANA.—His Highness the Gaikwar of Baroda will pay a visit to the Parmanandass Jivandass Hindu Gymkhana, at 4 o'clock, this afternoon.

AN ADDRESS FOR UNIVERSITY STUDENTS.—The Hon. Mr. N. G. Chandavarkar, B.A., LL.B., will deliver an address in English, at the local Prarthana Mandir, Girgaum, at 6 p.m., to-day, on "Citizenship."

A NEW BARRISTER-AT-LAW.—Before Mr. Justice Crowe, at the High Court, Mr. Pherozi B. M. Malabari, of the Inner Temple, has made the usual declaration as a member of the Bombay Bar.

THE MADRASI REFUGEES FROM TRANSVAAL.—About one hundred Madrasis, refugees from the Transvaal—men, women and children—applied for and obtained assistance out of the Esplanade Court Four-Box funds on Thursday.

ARYA SAMAJA.—Shashtri Narhari Sharma will deliver an address on "The refutation of idolatory on the authority of Vedas and Udasi Balkaram's false statements," at the Arya Samaja Hall," Girgaon, at 5-30 p.m., to-morrow (Sunday). The lecture is open to all.

DEATH OF MRS NARANDAS THAKARSEY MOOLJEE.—We regret to announce the sad and premature death by consumption of Bai Kusloorbai, wife of our wellknown Bombay merchant, Sheth Narandas Thacker-sey Mooljee, yesterday morning at her residence at Girgaum Back Road," Anand Bhuvan " bungalow. The deceased lady was amiable, religious, and charitable.

ELECTRIC KINETSCOPE.—This evening, at the Novelty Theatre there will be an exhibition of Edison's projecting electric Kinetscope or living pictures. This projecting electric Kinetscope is said to be the only instrument which does not flutter or tire the eyes. It is announced that 25 films will be exhibited.

POSTAL NOTICES.—Mails for Ceylon, the Straits Settlements, China and Japan, per extra s.s. Gisela, will be closed at the General Post Office at 1 p.m. on Monday, the 20 Instant.—Mails for Aden, Egypt and Europe viâ Marseilles, per s.s. Tonkin, will be closed at the General Post Office at 7 a.m., on Tuesday, the 3rd instant.—Mails for Ceylon, the Straits Settlements, China, Japan, and Australia, per s. s. Parramatta, will be closed at the General Post Office at 10 a.m. on Wednesday, the 22nd instant.

A MUNICIPAL PROSECUTION.—At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, before Mr. J. Sanders-Slater' Chief Presidency Magistrate, Mr. N. H. Katrak, Superintendent of Streets and Buildings in the B. and C. Municipal Wards, charged Alibhoy Boodhanji, a Borah, with infringing the building bye-laws in respect of his premises at Dongri Koli Cross Lanes, Mr. Leslie Crawford, Municipal Solicitor, prosecuted; while Mr. D. N. Bahadurji, barrister-at-law, defended. Evidence was tendered that Defendant had erected a fence 9 feet in height on and a half times greater than the width of the street. A fine of Rs. 150 was inflicted.

TIRED OF LIFE.—Mr. Allan F. Turner, the Coroner, held an inquiry yesterday at Naigaum, regarding the death of Dowlatta Luximon, a mill hand, aged twenty-five years. The deceased resided with his wife in a chawl at Naigaum. For the last two years and a half, Dowlatta had been suffering from fever and cough. He tried country medicines, which produced no change in his condition, and he was tired of life. On Wednesday midnight his wife found him missing from home, and informed the police. The next day his body was found floating on the surface of the water in a well close by the chawl. The jury returned a verdict of suicide by drowning himself in a well.

FATAL ACCIDENT TO A CALASEE.—An inquiry was held yesterday, at the J. J. Hospital by Mr. Turner the Corner, on the body of Shaik Mahomed Shaik Hoosin, aged fifty years. The deceased was employed as a Calasee in the engineering department of the Bombay Port Trust. About the beginning of the present month, while Shaik Mahomed was at work, a bar of iron slipped from his hand and fell on his left foot, causing injury to the second toe. On both in fact, developed stiffness of his neck and inability to open his mouth. He was removed by his friends to the J. J. Hospital, where he was admitted. The tetanic spasms increased in severity, and he died on Thursday. A verdict of death from tetanus was recorded.

THEFT OF RICE.—At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, before Mr. J. W. S. Dracup, acting Third Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Favel, of the Water Police, charged Mahomed Ali Shaik Abdoola Shaik Abdoola Shaik Ibrahim, Mahomed Yakub and three others with the theft of 30 maunds of rice of the value of Rs. 55, belonging to one Vensey, Duval, a grain merchant. The evidence showed that on the 14th instant, the complainant took delivery of a number of bags of rice from two vessels in the harbour and had them loaded in the prow of the accused. The same night a police havildar on duty saw the second and third accused extracting rice from the bags and arrested them as also the other four accused, who were in the prow at the time. The Magistrate convicted the first three accused, and sentenced the first to four months' and the second and third to six months' rigorous imprisonment each. The last three accused were discharged.

INFRINGEMENT OF THE MERCHANDISE MARKS ACT.—At the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. J. W. S. Dracup, Mr. C. Dent appeared to answer a charge of the infringment of the Merchandise Marks Act, preferred against him by Mr. Charles Henriquers sole agent in India for Roscopf watches. Mr. D D. Davar, barrister-at-law, with Mr. Sealy, pleader, prosecuted, while Mr. Smetham, solicitor, defended the respondent. The complainant having obtained an order for the production in court of the "Horoscope" watches in the possession of the defendant, 372 watches were handed in by the defence. Mr. Henriquer stated in his evidence that some of the watches imported by the defendant were so much similar to the Roscopf watches, that a purchaser would be deceived by the resemblance. The "Horoscope" watches were inferior in wo k and metal to the "Roscopf" and would cause considerable loss and damage to the sale of "Roscopf." The case was adjourned to the 6th proximo.

EVADING MEDICAL EXAMINATION.—At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, before Mr. J. Sanders-Slater, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Mr. P. Thurston, Preventive Officer, charged Camilla Ambu, a tindal, with disobeying the quarantine rules. The evidence showed that on the 15th instant the accused was taking his boat out of the basin at Lakri Bunder and was stopped on suspicion. There was then no appearance of passengers on board, but the boat having been searched, seventeen passengers were found concealed under the temporary deck of bamboos and twelve more under a sail. The accused stated in his defence that he came into the town to get provisions, and when he returned to his boat, he found some people in it. He did not know who allowed them to go there. He was then taking them to the wharf for medical examination, when he was stopped. The magistrate held that he was taking away the passengers without a medical examination, and fined him Rs. 58 or in default ordered him to undergo three months' rigorous imprisonment.

FIFTH CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

THE Hon. Mr. Justice Tyabjee presides at the fifth Criminal Sessions of the High Court, which commence on Monday next. The calendar is a light one, there being only six cases, implicating as many prisoners, for trial. Two of the cases were committed by Mr. J. Sanders-Slater, one by Mr. Dastoor, one by Mr. J. W. S. Dracup, and two by Mr. S. B. Spencer. The following is a summary of the cases for trial:—

1. Omar Haji Mahomed, committed by Mr. J. Sanders-Slater, for attempt to murder.
2. Babaji Kanoo, committed by Mr. P. H. Dastoor, for admin'stering a stupefying drug.
3. Sonoo Luxmon, committed by Mr. S.B. Spencer, for theft.
4. Ismail Kassam, committed by Mr. J. W. S. Dracup, for theft in a building.
5. Lalla Raghubir, committed by Mr. J. Sanders-Slater, for theft.
6. Pandria Gainoo, committed by Mr. S. B. Spencer, for rape.

ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB.

LIST OF ENTRIES FOR TO-DAY'S RACES.

RACE for boats of the Tomtit class in cruising trim Start at 3 p.m.

Boat's name	Entered by
Tomtit	Mr. R. H. H. Hopkins.

Post entries expected.

Course No. 15, viz., from Committee Vessel round Tucker Beacon, leaving it to port; round the two Red Channel Buoys, W.N.W. and N. of Butcher's Island, respectively, leaving both to starboard; round B.W.H.S. Buoy, N.N.E. of Elephanta, leaving it to starboard and finishing between markboat and Hog Island Bunder. Length of course 9-4 miles.

Yachts Handicap race in cruising trim and towing dinghies to start with Handicap allowances in hand. Flyer's boat starting at 3-15.

Yacht's Name.	Entered by.
Chita	Mr. E. Comber.
Melody	" J. B. K. Macbeth.
Turquoise	" C. T. R. Scovell.
Nanta	" Messrs. E. R. Smetham and G. E. Howse.
Pixie	" Officers, R. A.
Mannikin	" Capt. W. F. Potts.
Jan	" Same as above.

Course No. 15, viz., same as above.

Handicap race for Ship's boats in Service rig to be held at 3-45

Boat's name.	Entered by.
H. M. S. Abyssinia's Cutter	Mr. A. Whittle.
Tennessee's 1st	" A. Monk.
R. I. M. Dockyard	" M. Dodgson.

Course No. 3, viz., from Committee Vessel round North Karanja Buoy and round Tucker Beacon, leaving both to port; thence round North Karanja Buoy again, leaving it to starboard and finishing at Committee Vessel, length of course 6-3 miles.

SMOKE "RICHMOND GEM"—Cigarettes in round air-tight tins of 50, of all Tobacconists.

LIEUTENANT-GENERAL SIR ROBERT LOW.

LIEUTENANT-GENERAL SIR ROBERT LOW, Commanding the Forces at Bombay, arrived here yesterday morning, from Kirkee, on a tour in the Sind and Quetta Districts, and alighted at the Victoria Terminus. The Lieutenant-General was accompanied by Brigadier-General Barlow, Deputy-Adjutant-General; Captain Low, Assistant Military Secretary, and Captain D. H. Davis, Aide-de-Camp. The Poona passenger train by which Sir Robert Low arrived, was half an hour behind the time. Brigadier-General Ventris, Commanding the Bombay District, and Major C. P. Triscott, D. S. O., Assistant-Adjutant-General, were present at the station to meet the Lieutenant-General, whose arrival was private. Sir Robert Low in company of his staff drove to the Yacht Club Chambers, where he put up during his temporary stay in Bombay. A salute of fifteen guns was fired from the saluting battery to announce the Lieutenant-General's arrival. About 1-30 p.m., yesterday, General Low, accompanied by his staff, left from the Apolla Bunder in a steam-launch and embarked on board the British India Steam Navigation Company's steamer Damra on his tour. The departure was private. The usual salute was fired.

ARRIVAL OF ANOTHER BATCH OF INDIAN REFUGEES.

THE Clan Line steamer Clan Forbes, Captain G. Warfolk, arrived in harbour last evening from Beira, with 522 Indian refugees on board of different castes. The Clan Forbes left Beira on the 1st inst. During the voyage there were two deaths amongst the passengers from natural causes.

HIGH COURT.—ORIGINAL SIDE.

(Before the Hon. the CHIEF JUSTICE and the Hon. MR. JUSTICE CANDY.)

A SUIT ON GUARANTEED BILLS.

PERCY F. FISCHER vs. MARTIN A. ESSAYIE.

THEIR lordships delivered judgment in this case, which was an appeal filed by the defendant Essayie from a decision of the Hon. Mr. Justice Tyabjee delivered on the 9th March 1899. Mr. Branson and Mr. Ahmed Sayani, instructed by Messrs. Framjee and Dinshaw, appeared for the defendant and appellant, Mr. Scott, with Mr. Kirkpatrick, instructed by Messrs. Sassoonan, Bland, and Noble, appeared for Mr. Fischer, the plaintiff and respondent.

The plaintiff sued in the court below to recover from the defendant two sums of Rs. 2,500 and Rs. 1,000, being the amounts of two drafts drawn upon the plaintiff by Messrs. Essayie Brothers of Bagdad and accepted and paid by the plaintiff, the repayment of which drafts was promised and guaranteed by the defendant with interest from 31st July 1895. The plaintiff is a merchant carrying on business in Bombay, and as such had received from time to time consignments of goods from the firm of Messrs Essayie Brothers of Bagdad for shipment to Europe and elsewhere on their account. It was the practice of Messrs. Essayie Brothers to draw bills of exchange from time to time upon the plaintiff in respect of the consignments which the plaintiff accepted and paid, debiting the amounts thereof to the firm. On the 19th July 1895, two bills of exchange, dated respectively the 28th June 1895, one for Rs. 2,500, and the other for Rs. 1,000, drawn upon the plaintiff by Messrs. Essayie Brothers of Bagdad, were presented by the plaintiff for acceptance. As at that time a large sum of money was due to the plaintiff by the firm, the plaintiff was unwilling to accept or pay the bills without obtaining a guarantee that he would be repaid the amounts thereof. He therefore wrote to the defendant, who is a cousin of the partners in Messrs. Essayie, and requested him to call upon him in order to advise and consult with reference to the bills of exchange. Defendant had an interview with plaintiff and promised and guaranteed that, if the plaintiff accepted the bills, Messrs. Essayie Brothers would repay the same, and that he (defendant) would be answerable for the repayment and would indemnify the plaintiff. In consideration of such guarantee, plaintiff paid the bill, but had not been repaid the two sums. The defendant, in his evidence, said that in 1895, Mr. Jacob Essayie, who was then in Bombay, gave to the defendant a written order, dated 11th May 1895, on the plaintiff, whereby Messrs. Essayie Brothers ordered plaintiff to pay to defendant, on their account whatever monies defendant might draw on the plaintiff to the extent of Rs. 8,000. The order was given by the defendant to the plaintiff, who accepted it and paid in part payment Rs. 1,700 to he defendant, who passed receipt in the plaintiff's receipt book. When the two bills of exchange sued on defendant informed the plaintiff that he would no longer draw for the balance of Rs. 8,000, and that the plaintiff might pay the bills out of the balance of Rs. 8,000. To show defendant's sanction to such payment, defendant, at the express request of the plaintiff, put his signature on the backs of the bills. He never promised and guaranteed the plaintiff that he would be answerable to him for the payments. He never gave any guarantee, written or verbal, to the plaintiff. He never received the plaintiff's alleged letter of 19th July 1895 and said that the latter had been fabricated by the plaintiff for the purposes of this suit. He was under the impression that he was in no event liable to the plaintiff for the amount sued on. Mr. Justice Tyabjee passed judgment for the plaintiff, ordering defendant to pay Rs. 3,662-1-8, with interest and costs.

The defendant Essayie appealed from Mr. Tyabjee's decree on the grounds that the judge erred in holding that the plaintiff had proved a guarantee as alleged; that he erred in holding it proved that the letter of 18th July 1895 was received by the defendant; and that having regard to the conduct of, and in particular to the letter written by the plaintiff subsequent to the date of the alleged guarantee being given, the judge ought to have held it impossible to accept the plaintiff's story of the alleged guarantee.

The Chief Justice, in giving the judgment of the court, said that their lordships saw no reason to vary or alter the judgment of the court below. With that shrewdness which characterised Mr. Justice Tyabjee's investigation of complicated matters, he came to the conclusion that the letter of the 19th July 1895 supported the plaintiff's case. It could not be said that the entry in the books afforded any ground for suspicion. Their lordships saw nothing in the arguments of counsel which should justify them in disturbing Mr. Tyabjee's decision. The appeal was therefore dismissed with costs.

(Before the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE TYABJEE.)

CLAIM TO A SHARE IN A GINNING FACTORY.

NANCHUND TRIBHOWAN AND ANOTHER vs. VITHALDAS RAMDAS AND THE COMMERCIAL BANK.

THE plaintiffs in this case claimed to obtain a share in a ginning factory at Chopda, and that a mortgage executed by the first defendant with the Bank was not binding. Mr. Chimanlal Setalvad, with Mr. Anderson, instructed by Mr. Madhavji Virji, was for the plaintiffs. The Hon. Mr. Scott, with Mr. Raikes, instructed by Messrs. Ardeshir, Lynch, and Owen, represented the defendants.

The plaintiffs stated that about 1891 they started in partnership with the first defendant, a ginning factory at Chopda, in Khandesh. The profits derived from the working of the factory had been divided between the partners, the plaintiffs receiving four and-a-half annas in the rupee. In June 1899, the factory was advertised for sale by auction under instructions from the mortgagees. The plaintiffs then ascertained that the property had been mortgaged with the Commercial Bank for Rs. 85,000. They said that the debts as security for which the mortgage was made were not debts incurred on behalf of the partnership or for which they were in any way liable. They said the first defendant had no right to execute the mortgage, and that the same was not binding. They accordingly claimed they were entitled to the 4½ anna shares on the factory, or if the mortgage should be held to be binding, that the claims of the Bank should be satisfied only out of the first defendant's share. The plaintiffs also claimed that the defendants should be restrained from selling the factory.

The second defendant, the Commercial Bank of India, in their written statement denied that any partnership agreement had existed as suggested by the plaintiffs. The sum of Rs. 85,000 had been advanced to the first defendant on the belief that he was the sole owner of the factory. The first defendant was registered as the owner of the land on which the factory stood in the books of the Registrar of Assurances at Chopda. The Bank further contended they were to sell the property and that as the plaintiffs were not entitled to any relief, the suit should be dismissed with costs.

The evidence in the case was proceeded with.

TRANSVAAL WAR FUND.

LIST OF SUBSCRIPTIONS.

	Rs.
Amount previously acknowledged ...	4,009
Major Stanley Smith	50
Miss E. H. Evans	200
Colonel R. O. Lloyd	150
	Bombay, Nov. 17.

LIST OF SUBSCRIPTIONS RECEIVED IN CALCUTTA.

	Rs.
Messrs. King Hamilton and Co.	2,500
F. W. Howse, Esq.	100
2 "Rainey Park" Chummery	80
Dr. J. Nield Cook	10
Master, Officers and Crew of S. S. "Asamas"	95
P. M.	20
"Monocle"	100
A. Clarke Edwards, Esq.	100
Major J. H. Tull Walsh, I. M. S.	100
A. B. L. Webb, Esq.	10
Messrs. Jardine, Skinner and Co.	1,000
" Bird and Co.	1,000
" Birkmyre Bros.	1,000
" Geo. Henderson and Co.	1,000
" Gillanders Arbuthnot and Co	1,000
" Finlay Muir and Co.	1,000
" Barry and Co.	1,000
" Turner, Morrison and Co.	1,000
" Landale and Morgan	500
C. Lawrie Johnstone, Esq.	250
F. G. Steuart, Esq.	250
Shirley Tremearne, Esq.	250
D. Yule, Esq.	250
D. King, Esq.	250
Messrs. Blacker and Co.	250
" Eppes, Dalgliesh and Co.	100
A. S. Macpherson, Esq.	25
H. O. Pugh, Esq.	25
H. M. Ross, Esq.	1,000
W. R. Cooksey, Esq.	100
Total	Rs. 14,359

Telegraphic advices state that the fund in Calcutta now exceeds Rs. 30,000.

KING, KING AND Co.

Bombay, Nov. 17.

A TREATY is about to be signed between China and Mexico, giving the latter country the benefit of the most-favoured-nation clause, together with extra-territoriality and access to important treaty ports in Childa, which in return receives the treatment accorded to "most-favoured-nations" and other advantages in return.

SMOKE "RICHMOND GEM"—Cigarettes in round air-tight tins of 50, of all Tobacconists.

THE DRAINAGE OF BOMBAY.

MR. SANTO CRIMP'S REPORT.

MR. SANTO CRIMP, the special sanitary engineer engaged by the Corporation of Bombay, to make a report on the proposed drainage of the City has just presented his report. It is rather lengthy, and owing to pressure upon our space it is only possible to give an epitome of his proposals, reserving further details for future publication. He recommends:—

(a) The construction of the sea channel and sluices at Worlee.

(b) The formation of a channel to Jacob's Circle, *viâ* Haines Road.

(d) The construction of branches from the latter to every low place where water accumulates; and the interception of the Agripada open drain and Agripada estate drainage.

(e) The construction of a channel as far as Didar Station and the improvement and deepening of all watercourses discharging into it.

(f) The abandonment of the existing storm-water reservoir.

Finally, as the sewage from

MEMBERS of the P. J. HINDU GYMKHANA are invited TO ATTEND the PAVILION at 7 P.M. this (18th instant, SO-DAY), to meet HIS EXCELLENCY the GAEKWAR of BARODA.

DWARKADAS DHARAMSI,
& G. VELINKER,
Joint Honorary Secretaries.

ANOTHER GOOD OFFER.
Rs. 50 FOR Rs. 25.
A
CLEARANCE SALE
OF
SILVER GILT WATCHES.

WE have an Excellent Collection of key wind Silver Gilt WATCHES, the lever movements of which are really FIRST CLASS, and in the ordinary way, quality for quality should sell for Rs. 50 each; but as preference is now given to Stem-wind Watches, we offer these excellent time-keepers to those who do not consider a key-wind watch inconvenient at the bargain and Clearance Price of

Rs. 25.

Complete in case with spare glass, main spring and a guarantee for 2 years.

MARCKS & CO., LIMITED,
WATCH AND CLOCKMAKERS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

LAWRENCE & MAYO'S
NEUTRAL-TINTED EYE PRESERVERS,
ARE the best PROTECTION to the EYES from Sun and Dust, especially to those who are travelling in the tropics or whose occupations require them to be out in the heat of the day. They will be found an invaluable preventative to inflamation of the Eyes and irritative fever.
OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS.
BY APPOINTMENT
To H. E. The EARL OF ELGIN and KINCARDINE,
Viceroy and Governor-General of India.
OFFICES IN INDIA.
CALCUTTA. BOMBAY. MADRAS.
HEAD OFFICES
61, & 62, CHANCERY LANE, LONDON
ILLUSTRATED LIST FREE.

TO LOVERS OF ART.

THE establishment in the "First City in India" of a high class and fashionable Art Gallery, fitted up in the most approved and artistic style, where artists and their patrons can at all times meet to their mutual advantage, and to the advancement of Art itself, has been our desire for some years past; but the difficulties in the way of its fulfilment have been so great that the scheme has had to be abandoned—for the time being at least. We are persuaded that were we able to secure the influential support of those in high places and the help of lovers of Art in the Presidency, the Gallery would be a *fait accompli*. Another object of ours in wishing to form an Art Gallery is that we may be able to educate the native mind, and, by furnishing the people with an opportunity of viewing and comparing European work with the crude and absurd productions they have been accustomed to, cultivate a refined and more artistic taste in them. Surely this worthy desire ought to have the encouragement it deserves from all true lovers of Art!

In submitting our new Catalogue to the public, which can be obtained on application, we desire to place this object prominently before them, at the same time thanking them for the patronage and support they have already given us. It has enabled us to place the concern in some degree in as favoured a position as some of the leading Picture Dealers' establishments in London or Paris; so far, at least, as India is concerned.

A new feature, as will be seen in the present issue of the Catalogue, is that we have included all the different lines of business which we undertake in one and the same cover, whereas in former years they were printed in separate handbooks, leaflets, &c., necessitating a deal of needless repetition.

It has, therefore, been our endeavour to spare the public the tediousness of the task of looking through a number of separate prints for what they require, by compiling the present Catalogue with an Index—a feature that was not possible to introduce in the former erratic sort of publications.

Of course, we are sensible of many defects in this our first venture; the principal one being the impossibility to embody in a trade catalogue a complete list of our stock of Engravings. We would, therefore, request those seeking any known engraving not enumerated herein to communicate with us.

We have, further, the pleasure of notifying our clientele of our removal into more spacious and conspicuous premises, the address of which we would ask them to kindly take particular note.

Hoping for a continuance of the esteemed patronage and support of our customers, and the public in general.

D. B. DINSHAW & CO.,
BOMBAY FINE ART GALLERY
ESPLANADE ROAD,
Opposite Bombay Club.

DISASTROUS FIRE
AT
RIO DE JANEIRO.

CHUBB'S PATENT SAFE
PRESERVES ALL ITS CONTENTS.

RIO DE JANEIRO, 25TH JULY, 1899.

To MESSRS. GUIMARAES and Co.

DEAR SIRS,—We hereby certify that the SAFE No. 88,191, by Messrs. CHUBB and SONS Lock and Safe Co., Ltd., London, in which we kept our Business Books, was exposed to the raging fire which destroyed the Market Place here, and although the said SAFE was subjected to the most intense heat for a long time, all the Papers and Books were FOUND INTACT, the covers of some of them being only a LITTLE YELLOW although almost touching the door.

You may make whatever use you think fit of this declaration.

We are, Yours faithfully,

(Signed) ANGELINO SIMON ANDRADE.

The foregoing Signature attested on the 29th July, 1899, by DARIO TEIXEIRA DA CUNHA

I hereby certify the foregoing signature of DARIO TEIXEIRA DA CUNHA to be in the true and proper handwriting of the same who is a NOTARY PUBLIC of this City.

No. 393, BRITISH CONSULATE GENERAL, RIO DE JANEIRO, July 31st, 1899.

(Signed) GEO. A. LAUD,
British Pro-Consul.

CHUBB'S SAFES; BOXES; LOCKS; could only be had from

EDULJEE PESTONJEE,
SOLE AGENT IN BOMBAY.
37, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,
SURGEON DENTIST,
No. 2, HORNBY ROW,
Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

WM. HUTCHINSON & Co.,
BANKERS, MERCHANTS, AND EAST INDIA AGENTS.
TRAFALGAR BUILDINGS,
NORTHUMBERLAND AVENUE,
CHARING CROSS, LONDON, W.C.
TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS "PULLICATE LONDON."
A.B.C. CODE USED.
CONSIGNMENTS of PRODUCE received and disposed.
INDENTS executed with care and promptitude.
PASSAGES booked by a Line of Steamers.
AGENCY BUSINESS undertaken.
The representative of W. & J. HUTCHINSON and Co., the CONCEPT of INTEGRATION, Board Steamer [illegible] on their arrival at Plymouth, at [illegible] the Passengers [illegible] instructions of [illegible] Agency, &c.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

BOMBAY MARKET REPORT.

FRIDAY EVENING, Nov. 17.

THE news wired from the cotton growing districts during the past week has continued to be of the same tenor, the salient feature still being the absence of rain, and the suffering of the crops consequent thereon. The cotton market has been very quiet in tone, and forward prices have moved in favour of buyers. Wheat and seeds are quiet, almost dull. Exchange has been rather steady, this evening's rates being on a par with last Friday's. Money is a quiet market; rates are unchanged. Government Paper has been fluctuating, and closes at an advance of 5 16 per cent for 3 1-2 per Cents, and a decline of 1 per cent. for Threes. Freights are quiet but steady, with no change to speak of in rates. In Imports there has been very little doing.

MONEY.—The Bank of Bombay return for the week ending on Saturday last showed the following changes:—

Public Deposits at the Head Office	Dec.	Rs.	9,33,134
Do. Branches	Inc.	"	5,57,032
Other "	Inc.	"	78,53,345
Government Securities	Inc.	"	1,97,536
Other authorised "	unchanged		
Loans	Inc.	"	9,19,953
Bills Discounted and purchased	Dec.	"	7,63,055
Balances with other Banks	Dec.	"	31,154
Cash	Inc.	"	73,05,845

There was an increment in the Cash Balance of the Bank of Bombay during last week of nearly 73 3-4 lakhs, making it 200 lakhs. From Public Deposits there were withdrawals to the extent of 9 1-2 lakhs at the Head Office; but at the Branches there was an increase of 5 1-2 lakhs. To Private Deposits there was an addition of 78 1-2 lakhs. Government Securities increased by some 2 lakhs and Loans by 9 lakhs. Bills Discounted and Purchased were 7 lakhs less, and the Balances with other Banks 1-4 lakh.

Statement of the affairs of the Bank, as on the 11th November, 1899:—

LIABILITIES.	Rs.
Capital	1,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	70,00,000
Public Deposits at Head Office	44,04,723
Do. do. at Branches	23,03,938
Other Deposits	3,57,31,937
Post Bills	3 900
Credits undrawn	14,66,392
Rs...	6,09,70,950
ASSETS.	Rs.
Government Securities	83,44,571
Other authorised Securities	34,37,499
Credits on Government and other authorised Securities	42,79,055
Loans on do. do. do....	1,78,04,142
Bills Discounted and Purchased	64,40,825
Dead Stock	4,22,815
Stamps and Stationery	20,872
Bullion	...
Balances with other Banks	2,11,335
Cash	2,00,09,833
Rs....	6,09,70,950

Meanwhile the market is quiet in tone. The Bank of Bombay rate is unchanged at 6 per cent; and that in the open market at 6 per cent.

EXCHANGE opened last mail day with a steady feeling at Is. 4 3-8d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and Is. 4 2-8d. for three months' Sight Credits, with no business of any importance reported. There was a quieter feeling in the market on Monday with Is. 4 1-8d. quoted for Bank Telegraphic, Is. 4 1-8d. for Demand, and Is. 4 3-8d. for three months' Sight Credits, a moderate business passing both ways. On Tuesday rates were given at Is. 4 3-32d. to 1-8d. for Bank Telegraphic, Is. 4 1-8d. for demand and Is. 4 3-8d. for three months' Sight Credits. There was little or nothing doing in the latter, and for Bank Paper there was a little enquiry. The market was quiet in tone on Wednesday at Is. 4 3-32 to 1-8d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and Is. 4 3-8d. for three months' sight Credits. There was again nothing doing in the latter, and very little demand for Bank Paper. Rates were steady yesterday at Is. 4 3-32d. for Bank Telegraphic, Is. 4 1-8d. for Demand, and Is. 4 3-8d. for three months' sight Credits. Very little business passed, and rates closed as follows:—

Bank Bills on Demand	Is. 4 1-8d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	Is. 4 3-32d.	"
Credits 3 months' sight	Is. 4 3-8d.	"
Francs	172	"

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—There was a decline in rates on Saturday last from the closing level of the day preceding to 94 9-16 for both last and the Settlement for 3 1-2 per Cents, and 88 for 3 per Cents. The market was steady in tone on Monday at 95 1-16 for Money, and 95 for Account for 3 1-2 per Cents, with 90 for Threes. The following day rates were steady at 95 3-16 for Cash, also 95 3-16 for the Settlement for 3 1-2 per Cents, and 90 for 3 per Cents. Firm in tone on Wednesday rates were given at 95 1-8 for Money, and 95 3-16 for Account, for 3 1-2 per Cents; Threes remained at 90. There was a fluctuating feeling on Thursday with 95 1-16 quoted for Cash, for 3 1-2 per Cents, 95 3-16 for the Settlement, and 88 to 89 for Threes. To-day quotations have been steady at 95 1-4 for Money, for 3 1-2 per Cents, 95 5-16 for Account, and 89 for 3 per Cent.

SHARES.—There has been quite a dull and neglected feeling in this market, rates showing no change beyond the two following, viz., an advance of Rs. 2 1-2 in Bank of Bombay, and a decline of Rs. 2 1-2 in Tapti Valley Railway.

IMPORTS.

PIECE-GOODS.—A fair demand has again characterized this market during the past week. Dealers are themselves buying in the bazaar on account of the higher level at which prices are ruling at home. In Bleached Goods a very fair business has been done; why Dyed, and Turkey-Red, Printed and Locally-made goods are the same as before. The clearances of Imported goods from the bazaar during the week have been 3,000 packages; and of Local 1,200 bales.

YARNS.—The China buyers do not operate as freely at the higher prices obtaining, and a small business only has been done in consequence. The clearances from the bazaar have amounted to about 2,000 bales. The market closes quiet; we quote officially:—

Twist	No.	8s	Mule.	As.	3 3-4	to 4 1-4 per lb
"	"	12s	"	"	3 7-8	" 4 5-8 "
"	"	13s	"	"	4	" 4 5-8 "
"	"	16s	"	"	4 1-8	" 5 1-8 "
"	"	20s	"	"	4 1-2	" 5 1-2 "
"	"	24s	"	"	4 3-4	" 5 3-4 "
"	"	24s	"	"	5 1-4	" 6 "
"	"	30s	"	"	5 1-4	" 7 "
"	"	40s	"	"	7 1-4	" 8 "

METALS.—Prices are unchanged.

COALS.—The market has been very quiet, with but little business doing. Speculators resold some ready "Deshagar Bengal" at Rs. 15. to Rs. 14 3-4 per ton; and Jardine's, ready in harbour, changed hands at Rs. 14 per ton. Importers of English coal ask, for forward delivery, Rs. 22 for Cardiff, Rs. 21 for Danison's W. Hartley and Yorkshire. We quote alongside:—

	Ready. Per Ton. Rs.	Forward. Per Ton. Rs.
Welsh Hartley	Nil	
West Do.	21	21
Australian	Nil	
Powell's	23	22
Cardiff	23	22
Japan	13	13
Singareni	13 1-2	13 1-2
Deshagar	15	15
Muir's Navigation	13 1-2	13 1-2
Jardine's	14	14
Seebpore	14 1-2	14 1-2

EXPORTS.

COTTON.—The market for this staple has been very quiet, the purchases reported on account of shippers and the local mills being alike meagre. Prices for forward deliveries are lower by some Rs. 5 per candy, quotations being R. 213 per candy for "Good" Broach, March delivery; Rs. 177 1-2 for "Fully Good" Bengal, for January; Rs. 195 for "Good" Bhowaugger, for May.

The following are to-day's quotations for full-pressed Cotton with the equivalents in sterling, cost, and freight to Liverpool, via Canal, without commission viz.:—

	Per Candy.	Per lb. C. & F.
Bengal, Fine	Rs. 191—3 7-8	
Do. Fine Jan. 1900	" 193—3 7-8	
Do. Fully Good	" 181—3 11-16	
Do. Do. Jan. 1900	" 181—3 29-32	
Do. Good	" 161—3 7-16	
Bolatee, Fine	" 202—4 1-16	
Do. Fully Good	" 186—3 29-32	
Khandeish, Fully Good	" 196—4	
Do. Do. Jan. 1900	" 196—4	
Comra, Fully Good	" 190—3 27-32	
Dhollera, Fine	" ...	
Do. Fully Good	" 190—3 27-32	
Do. Good	" 175—3 3-4	
Do. Do. May. 1900	" 193—4 1-16	
S. G. Dharwar, Good	" ...	
Western Good	" 185—3 3-4	
Broach, Fine	" ...	
Do. Good	" 213—4 11-32	
Do. Do. March, 1900	" ...	

The movements of Cotton to date show the following comparisons with the previous two years:—

Receipts.	1899 Bales.	1898 Bales.	1897. Bales.
For the week	24,109	16,258	3,212
From 1st Jan. to 16th Nov. 1899	1,821,955	1,999,395	1,332,109
Clearances to Great Britain and Continent.			
For the week	...	7,318	4,975
From 1st Jan. to 16th Nov. 1899	491,953	457,910	489,189
Clearances to China, Japan, Calcutta, &c.			
For the week	...	23,611	200 1,023
From 1st Jan. to 16th Nov. 1899	536,420	471,200	431,219

The weather in the districts, as reported by Monday's telegraphic advices, was bright with no sign of rain. The rabi crops at Dhulia, Julgaon, Barsi and Sholapore were much in need of rain. The cotton plants at Hubli wanted more rain, its absence causing anxiety. At Dhollera there was no hope of sowing wheat and gram; cultivation had not begun at Amraoti, where no further rain was expected.

Yesterday morning's telegraphic reports from the districts disclosed no fresh feature; the weather was unchanged.

WHEAT.—The market is quiet in tone; prices are generally stationary, closing at the following level:—

White Peasy, 91 per cent	Rs.	38-0-0 per candy.
Do. 85 per cent.	"	36-0-0 "
No. 1 Club Delhi	"	5-5-0 per cwt.
Red Delhi	"	5-4-0 "
Hard Yellow	"	40-0-0 per candy.
Red Ahmedabad	"	37-0-0 "
Small Red	"	36-0-0 "

SEEDS.—There has been only a small inquiry, at current prices. We quote:—

Linseed	Rs.	8 5 0	per cwt.
Rapeseed, Yellow Gourmal	"	6 4 0	"
Do. do. Cawnpore	"	6 4 0	"
Do. Red do.	"	6 0 0	"
Gingelly, White	"	13 0 0	per candy
Do. Mixed	"	10 0 0	"

The comparative imports of Wheat and Seeds are as under:—

	1899. Cwts.	1898. Cwts.	1897. Cwts.
Wheat for the week	19,505	79,117	41,077
Do. from 1st Jan. to 16th Nov.	4,955,983	7,642,483	1,904,013
Linseed for the week	14,481	48,028	10,898
Do from 1st Jan. to 16th Nov.	2,045,501	2,458,357	441,922
Rapeseed for the week	4,504	23,393	9,225
Do. from 1st Jan. to 16th Nov.	1,943,404	2,064,517	1,801,640
Gingelly for the week	46,286	83,852	49,736
Do. from 1st Jan. to 16th Nov.	1,195,829	1,484,477	528,091

The clearances of Wheat and Seeds to Great Britain and Continent are as follows:—

	1899. Cwts.	1898. Cwts.	1897. Cwts.
Wheat for the week	....	50,350	....
Do. from 1st January to 16th November	2,852,715	5,647,214	2,913
Linseed for the week	7,997	42,868	25,523
Do. from 1st January to 16th November	2,072,463	2,514,902	643,039
Rapeseed for the week	....	50,772	5,010
Do. from 1st January to 16th November	1,903,022	2,189,274	1,694,429
Gingelly seed for the week	11,723	36,830	42,090
Do from 1st January to 16th November	1,368,674	1,469,591	515,979

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, Nov 16.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed easier.

Surats dull.

Good Bhownuggur, 3 13-32.

The Manchester Market has been quiet but steady.

2 3-4 per cent. Consols ... 103 7-8
3 per cent. Rentes ... 100 1-2
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan ... 112
3½ per cent. Rupee Papers ... 63 1-2
Bar Silver ... 27

The Bank of England Returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results: Total Bullion £31,900,000, Decrease £500,000; Public Deposits £9,000,000, Increase £1,800 000; Other Deposits £30,700,000, Decrease £2,000,000; Other Securities £31,400,000, Increase £900,000; Notes and Gold £23,330,000, Decrease £400,000. The Bank's Reserve is 42 per cent. of the Liabilities.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 16.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Macdonald left here this morning.

The Messageries Maritimes Co.'s s.s. Tonkin left Colombo for Bombay on Friday, the 17th inst., at 1 p.m., and she is expected here on Monday, the 20th inst., at 6 a.m.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE s.s Unity, 921 tons, Captain J Hansio, sailed yesterday for Rangoon in ballast.

THE Clan Line s.s Clan Mackenzie 1921 tons, Captain R K Cowie, cleared yesterday for Vizagapatam in ballast.

THE Bombay and Persian S N Co's s.s Ningchow, 1735 tons, Captain G W Bennett, sailed yesterday for Calcutta in ballast.

THE B I S N Co's s.s Okhla, 3433 tons, Captain R J Rickford, arrived in harbour yesterday from Rangoon with a general cargo.

THE Austrian Lloyd's S N Co's s.s Silesia, 3339 tons, Captain R Mayer, sailed yesterday for Calcutta via Colombo, with the same bottom cargo.

THE B I S N Co's s.s Warora, 2561 tons, Captain J Alexander, arrived in harbour on Thursday evening from Rangoon 7th November with a general cargo.

THE B I S N Co's s.s Simla 1039 tons, Captain H Bamber, arrived in harbour on Thursday evening from the Persian Gulf via Karachi with a general cargo, 33 cases opium, 68 horses and Mr W Arnold, Mr Todd, and 113 deck passengers.

THE B I S N Co's s.s Nawada, 2121 tons, Captain T J Galer cleared yesterday for Zanzibar via Karachi, with a general cargo and the following passengers:—His Excellency Lord Sandhurst, Governor of Bombay, Major H Owen, Military Secretary, Mr A M T Jackson, Private Secretary, Major Crolly, R A M C, Captain Greig, A D C, and Captain Wilkinson, A D C, and Lieutenant and Mrs Sir Robert Low, commanding the forces, Bombay Command, Brigadier-General Barlow, D A A, General, Captain Low, Military Secretary and Captain Davis A D C and 12 deck.

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Nov. 17.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agents.
H M S Marathon	....	Field			Royal Navy
H M S Pigeon	....	Mowday			Royal Navy
H M S Racoon	....	Howett			Royal Navy
H M S Sphinx	....	Phillips			Royal Navy
Sutlej	....	Mackenzie			P & O Co
Hyndla	1015	Macdiarmid			M M & Co
Raithmoor	1990	Ashby			P M & Co
Pearlmoor	2233	Hrnham			P M & Co
Unity	930	Hansen			Bombay Co
Kola	497	Robertson			M M & Co
Shannon	2280	Wibmer			P & O Co
Hyderabad	2107	Wilson			M M & Co
Onda	3410	Davis			M M & Co
Diara	3438	Fry			M M & Co
Bombay	2019	Fraser			M M & Co
Henry Bolokow	629	Baker			B & P S N Co
Nawab	3911	Crabbin			P M & Co
Tokio	2481	Jones			M M & Co
Simla	1039	Bamber			M M & Co
Caledonia	3929	Gordon			M M & Co
Okhla	3433	Rickford			M M & Co

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—NOVEMBER 17.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Shed.	Vessels.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agents.
A	Courland	769	Soutar	P Gulf	20-11	H C Joosub
B	Clan Mackenzie	1921	Cowie	Madras	17-11	F M & Co
E	Warora	2565	Alexander			M M & Co
G	Baroosa	1326	Samuels			M & Co
K	India	1811	Martinolish	Havre	2-11	A L S N Co
M	Jubeda	2134	Tyndall	Calcutta	25-11	H C Joosub
		20	Ton Crane			
	Ningchow	1735	Bennett	Calcutta	17-11	B & P S N Co

HARBOUR WALL.

Mahanadi	547	Budroo	Karachi	18-11	Shepd & Co
Sabermati	521	Fukuera	Mangalore	20-11	Do

VICTORIA DOCK.

Shed.	Vessels.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agents
2	Armenia	2218	Shanklin	Liverpool	25-11	W & A G & Co
3	Gisela	2940	Moses	Kobe	25-11	A L S N Co
4	Silesia	3340	Mayer	Calcutta	21-11	P & O S N Co
5	Carthage	3491	London	London	18-11	P & O S N Co
6	Parramatta	3814	Symons	China	21-11	P & O S N Co
12	Rhineland	1774	Siwert	Antwerp	18-11	Grade & Co

*Tonnage date of departure.

Time Ball from the Tower of Victoria Dock at Noon, or Greenwich meantime, 7h. 8m. 44·3s.

The Time Ball over the Clock Tower at the Bombay Castle continues to be dropped regularly at 1 p.m. of Colaba mean time, or 6h. 8m. 44·3s of Greenwich meantime.

ARRIVALS.

Nov.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
16	Warora	Alexander	Rangoon, Nov. 7.
	Simla	Bamber	Bushir, Nov. 4.
17	Caledonia	Gordon	London, Oct. 2.
	Okhla	Rickford	Rangoon.
	Hogue	Hughes	Buscoh, Nov. 3.
	Clan Forbes	Warfolk	Beira, Nov. 9.

DEPARTURES.

Nov.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
17	Rajputana	Scot	Calcutta, &c.
	Chyebassa	Mc Gland	Rangoon, &c.
	Vardha	Anderson	Calcutta.
	Lawada	Galer	Zanzibar, &c.
	Clan Mackenzie	Cowie	Vizagapatam.
	Dumra	Russell	Karachi.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday:—

Steamer Ningchow, Binnet, for Calcutta.
" Unity, Hansen, for Rangoon.
" Silesia, Mayer, for Calcutta, &c.

The steamer Simla, entered for loading yesterday for Persian Gulf via Karachi.

HOME REMITTANCES.

THE following is the weekly memorandum of remittances to the Home Treasury by means of Council Bills of the 15th November, 1899:—

	£
1 Amount to be remitted during 1899-1900	17,000,000
2 Remitted from 1st April, 1899, to 11th Nov., 1899	11,637,200*
3 Balance to be remitted from 12th Nov., 1899, to 31st March, 1900	5,362,800

*Includes £350,000 on account of gold held by the Secretary of State under Act II of 1898.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

(Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

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LATEST WAR TELEGRAMS.

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DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

EUROPE.

DEATHS.

DANIELL—October 2?, at the residence of her cousin, Lady Macpherson, Hampton Court Palace, Nina, elder daughter of Cairnes A Daniell, Esq, late Indian Civil Service, of Shanklin, I.W.

SCOTT—October 22, at Geneva, Switzerland, Colonel Edward Holmes Scott, late Bengal Staff Corps.

POONA.

BIRTH.

YOUNG—November 15, at Poona, the wife of Fred. Young, Esquire, Revenue Survey, of a daughter.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

MARSHALL—November 10, at Cawnpore, the wife of Claude V Marshall, E I R, of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

AUSTEN SMITH—SHEWELL—October 31 at Christ Church, Simla, Captain Herbert Austen Smith, I. M. S., to Harriet E. daughter of the late Lieut-Colonel Arther M Shewell, Indian Staff Corps.

SUMNER—HUGHES—October 13, at Christ Church, Jubbulpore, by the Rev T H Lermit, assisted by the Rev Price, Major Charles Sumner, 2nd Battalion S Lancashire Regiment, to Muriel Frances Hughes, youngest daughter of A J Hughes, Esq, C I E.

DEATH.

HILL—October 20, at Dundee, South Africa, killed in action, Arthur Hugh Montgomery Hill, 2nd Lieutenant, 1st Battalion Royal Irish Fusiliers, only son of Mr Justice and Fannie Chichester Hill of Calcutta and Belford, Blackroch Co. Dublin, aged 21 years.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

All communications intended for publication in our columns should be addressed to the Editor and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1899.

THE rumour of General Joubert's death seems to have been only too well justified. It appears that he fell a victim to the lyddite shells, against the use of which he had entered a protest a short time since. It is stated that he was standing near a Boer gun on the 9th instant when the British naval guns suddenly opened fire from Ladysmith. He was struck by a splinter from the second shot. His loss will be irreparable for the Transvaal, for he was the one competent general the Boers possessed. Even his enemies respected him. We have not yet heard who succeeds him in the command. Doubtless it will be an officer of his staff who is near at hand. The death of the Commander-in-Chief seems to have made no difference in the close investment of Sir George White's force. An armoured train, which left Estcourt on the morning of the 15th instant with 90 of the Dublin Fusiliers, 80 of the Natal Volunteers, and ten sailors, proceeded towards Chieveley to reconnoitre. That station is about as far to the south of Colenso as Colenso is south of Ladysmith. At first no enemy was seen, but on returning the Boers were present in strength and promptly shelled the armoured train. Two of the trucks were overturned and destroyed. Some of the men freed the engine and escaped, to the number of twelve, to Estcourt. Two of the Fusiliers were killed and many men wounded. Some stragglers have succeeded in returning to their point of departure, but others are still missing. The garrison of Estcourt being unable to cope with the Boer artillery, their own being inadequate, were to fall back on the Moor River at nightfall. The Boers are evidently making preparations—that are not likely to prove effective—to resist the advance of the relieving column from Durban. The military critic will note the fact that for some unexplained reason the British Artillery at Ladysmith remained silent while the conflict was still going on. Was that due to failure of the supplies of ammunition? That misgiving fades into nothing when we learn, by a second edition of the "Times" of yesterday, that a telegram from Estcourt gave this terribly-suggestive news. On the night of Thursday heavy rifle-firing was heard for a few minutes and then an explosion was heard in the direction of Ladysmith at 2 o'clock that morning.

THE approaching tercentenary of Oliver Cromwell has, doubtless, suggested to Mr. John Morley a new appreciation of the character and work of the great Protector, the prologue of which appears in the November number of the *Century*. That magazine reproduces the wonderful portrait of Cromwell by Samuel Cooper at Gambridge, in which the reader may see the masterful, deep, dissembling face, not wholly free from sinister suggestion, which made his contemporaries distrust him even when they bent before his resolute will. But it must be confessed that what is calculated to inspire the beholder with an undefined sense of danger in the expression of the soldier-statesman is but a pale reflex of that in his father Robert Cromwell's portrait, and in that of Sir Oliver, his uncle, which are also given. Nor are the lineaments of the future Protector at the tender age of two more reassuring. The smileless, severe countenance, the large forehead, and elongated upper lip suggest thoughts beyond its years. Mr. Morley observes at the outset that the figure of Cromwell emerges from the mists of time in varied semblances; the blood-stained and hypocritical usurper of the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries becoming the transcendental hero and liberator of mankind in these later years. And he notes the curious fact that a military autocrat that had as little respect for Parliaments as for Kings has become the ideal of the latter-day Radical:—"He put a King to death, but then he broke up Parliament after Parliament. He led the way in the violent suppression of Bishops, he trampled on Scottish Presbytery, and set up a state system of his own; yet he is the idol of voluntary congregations and of Free Churches. He had little comprehension of that government by discussion, which is now counted the secret of liberty; no man that ever lived was less of a pattern for working those constitutional charters which are the favorite guarantees of public rights in our century; his rule was the rule of the sword; yet his name stands first, half-warrior, half-saint, in the calendar of English-speaking democracy." Mr. Morley, like many others, ascribes to the dark colours of Clarendon's story of the Rebellion the belief of several generations that Cromwell was a tyrant, actuated by personal ambition, using religion for the mask of selfish and perfidious designs. That impression prevailed in England before a line of Clarendon's History was written, and while Cromwell was in the zenith of his power. Burke, towards the close of the last century, is referred to as modifying the impression created by Clarendon's History; but then nigh a century-and-a-half had passed from the time that Cromwell lived and ruled. Burke saw in him a great bad man of the mediæval type, who exercised the power of the State by force of character and personal authority, but his virtues were at least some corrective of his crimes. His Government was despotic, and rested on military force, but it was regular; it was rigid, but it was not a savage tyranny.

In the early years of this century, reformers began to see in Cromwell the overthrower of kingly tyranny, and a pioneer of liberty. In the forties, Carlyle evolved a new Cromwell out of his inner consciousness and his vast and bardic imagination. By the force of his genius he caused his conception to be accepted as the real Oliver, delivered from the misrepresentations of Dryasdusts and incapables. Mr. Morley speaks of this remarkable achievement in other words. He tells us that "the genius and diligence of Carlyle, aided by the firm and manly stroke of Macaulay, have finally shaken down the Clarendonian tradition." He admits that the reaction has by this time gone to considerable lengths. Professor Goldwin Smith holds that Cromwell was the greatest human force ever directed to a moral purpose, and in that sense the greatest man that ever trod the scene of history. Mr. Frederic Harrison, the Positivist, regards the Protector as standing out among the very few men in all history who, after overthrowing an ancient system of Government, proved themselves, with even greater success, to be constructive statesmen. Gardiner, who studied the Protectorate as no previous historian has done, arrived at a directly opposite opinion. In his view, Cromwell's negative work endured while his constructive work vanished. Mr. Morley has nothing but contempt for "those impatient and importunate deifications of Force, Strength, Violence, Will, which only show how easily hero-worship may glide into effrontery." He rightly holds that history is after all something besides praise and blame:—"To seek measure, equity, and balance is not necessarily the sign of a callous heart and a mean understanding. For the passion for broad classifications works havoc with truth; and to insist upon a long series of unqualified cleuchers in history and biography only ends in confusing questions that are separate, distorting perspective, in exaggerating proportions, and in falsifying the past for the sake of some spurious edification of the present." He insists that it is only the historic sense that will enable those who live in an age of reason, and who have lost all belief in the "books and symbols that lighted the inmost soul of Oliver, to do justice to his free and spacious genius, his singleness of mind." Cromwell's attempt to destroy the monarchy and to abolish the English Church failed, but the historic sense forbids us to judge men by their motives, or by results. When, thirty years later, the Revolution came, it was not a Cromwellian Revolution: it was aristocratic, and not

TELEGRAMS.

THE WAR IN SOUTH AFRICA.

RELIEF OF KIMBERLEY IMMINENT.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, Nov. 16, 7-30 p.m.

From the information received here the relief of Kimberley is deemed imminent. It is believed that a relief column of four thousand strong was within twenty miles of the town to-day, and the Boers were preparing for battle.

THE BOERS SHELL AND DESTROY AN ARMOURED TRAIN.

NATAL VOLUNTEERS & DUBLIN FUSILIERS PRISONERS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, Nov. 16, 7-40 P.M.

The latest news received from Ladysmith is that an armoured train from Estcourt, conveying a detachment of Natal Volunteers and Dublin Fusiliers, was shelled by the Boers. The train was destroyed and many of the Natal Volunteers and Dublin Fusiliers were taken prisoners.

A few escaped and returned to Estcourt.

GENERAL JOUBERT'S DEATH.

THE ADVANCE OF REINFORCEMENTS.

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 17.

The London correspondent of the "Pioneer" cables London, 17th November :—The "Times" publishes the following messages :—

Estcourt, 16th November, 12-11 p.m. :—Boers are reported to be at several points on the south of the Tugela River. A party passed through Chieveley yesterday. Detachments from Colenso are reported to be moving in the direction of Estcourt. It is possible an attempt will be made to get behind and destroy the line to the south so as to delay reinforcements.

Lorenco Marques, 12th :—It is rumoured that, when our naval guns suddenly fired from Ladysmith, General Joubert was standing near a Boer gun about to be moved, and a splinter from the second shot hit him.

Pietermaritzburg, 15th :—This morning an armoured train left Estcourt with 90 of the Dublins, 80 of the Durban Infantry, and 10 sailors and reconnoitred towards Ladysmith. No enemy was seen, but on returning the enemy was encountered in strength. Two armed trucks were capsized and riddled. Our men freed the engine, which returned to Estcourt, twelve men hanging on. Two of the Dublins are dead. Some Boers have since returned, but many are still out, straggling.

Estcourt being short of artillery, the garrison may retire to the Moor River to-night. The enemy intend to keep back the relieving column.

PRESS OPINION IN EUROPE.

COLOMBO, Nov. 17.

Late English telegrams received here through the Australian papers are more hopeful in tone.

Lord Roberts says he has every confidence in Generals Buller and White.

The *Neuste Nachrichten*, a daily paper published in Berlin, has printed an inspired article which states that Germany's policy in regard to the war must be one of absolute neutrality.

The Russian Press takes up a hostile attitude to England, while on the other hand America will remain neutral only while the other Nations refrain from intervening between Great Britain and the Transvaal.

The "Daily Telegraph" states that our naval preparations are a warning to the European Powers that they will not be allowed to intervene to secure territorial compensations prejudicial to British interest.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

ALARMING NEWS FROM LADYSMITH.

RIFLE FIRING ON THURSDAY NIGHT FOLLOWED BY AN EXPLOSION.

LONDON, Nov. 17.

The second edition of to-day's *Times* publishes a telegram from Estcourt, dated the 16th instant, stating that heavy rifle-firing for a few minutes and then an explosion was heard in the direction of Ladysmith at two o'clock that morning.

BOER ACCOUNTS OF LADYSMITH.

LONDON, Nov. 17.

A telegram from Boer sources states that Ladysmith was hotly bombarded from every surrounding hill on the 13th and 14th inst., and that several buildings in the town were ablaze.

BOERS ADVANCING SOUTH.

The reconnaissance made by the armoured train proved that the Boers, with guns, are to the south of the Tugela River.

THE BOERS EIGHT MILES FROM ESTCOURT.

A cavalry reconnaissance from Estcourt encountered the enemy 300 strong only eight miles from the town, and these were subsequently reinforced.

THE WRECKING OF THE ARMOURED TRAIN.

According to some accounts the crew of the armoured train which was wrecked by the Boers numbered 180 men, of whom fifty Dublin Fusiliers and forty Natal Volunteers are missing.

When the engine left the scene of action laden with the wounded, the party were fighting their way back along the line.

Some have since straggled into Estcourt.

A SORTIE FROM LADYSMITH.

A native from Ladysmith reports that the Colonials made a sortie beyond the entrenchments early on the 10th instant and enticed the enemy into the open plain, where General White outflanked and crushingly defeated them.

The story requires confirmation.

WRECK OF AN ARMOURED TRAIN BY BOERS.

LONDON, Nov. 16.

News from Estcourt, dated the 15th instant, states that the Boers shelled an armoured train which was reconnoitring at Chieveley five miles to the south of Colenso.

The seven-pounder, which was on the train, was shattered and two trucks derailed. The enemy then pounded away at the disabled train, the engine of which managed to get clear of the wreckage and escaped.

Twenty-three Volunteers and thirty-five Dublin Fusiliers are missing, as also Mr. Winston Churchill, (son of the late Lord Randolph Churchill), Special Correspondent of the "Morning Post."

Two half-companies were on board the train.

FRESH ARRIVALS AT THE CAPE.

The West Yorkshires have arrived at Estcourt.

The Mohawk with part of the 12th Lancers has arrived at Capetown.

The Armenian has arrived at Durban.

SOUTH AFRICA PUT OUT OF BOUNDS FOR OFFICERS ON LEAVE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Nov. 17.

It is notified that, pending further orders, officers are prohibited from proceeding on leave to South Africa.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

VOTE OF CONFIDENCE IN THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT.

LONDON, Nov. 16.

The French Chamber of Deputies to-day, by a large majority, passed a vote of confidence in the Government.

The discussion arose chiefly owing to the removal by General Gallifet, Minister for War, of General de Negrier and other Generals.

RUSSIA AND JAPAN.

M. Pavloff, Russian Minister in the Korea, has arrived at Washington and has declared that there is no basis whatever for the reports that there is a conflict between Russia and Japan regarding Korea.

Both Powers, he says, have entered into two formal compacts to maintain the independence of Korea.

THE CURRENCY QUESTION.

Up to to-day £700,000 sterling ear-marked has been lodged in the Bank of England on account of the Indian Currency.

ANTI-FRENCH MOVEMENT IN CHINA.

Advices from Saigon state that the trouble at Kwanchouwan is spreading and that M. Paul Doumer, the Governor-General, has sent four companies of marines to reinforce the French Admiral.

THE MAILS.

LONDON, Nov. 16.

The Bombay mails of the 4th instant arrived at Brindisi to-day.

MR. TATA'S SCHEME FOR AN INDIAN RESEARCH INSTITUTE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

CALCUTTA, Nov. 17.

A resolution on Mr. Tata's scheme for a Research Institute in India appears in the Gazette, in which the Government accept the recommendations of the recent Conference and express their appreciation of Mr. Tata's generosity and public spirit, and state they are ready to proceed with the necessary legislation. The Government of Bombay are requested to nominate an officer to arrange with Mr. Tata for the transfer of the property with which he proposes to endow the University. The new institution will take up teaching where colleges of existing Universities leave off, and includes the provision of scholarships and fellowships for students. A strong local committee, with the Vice-Chancellor of the Bombay University as Chairman, is appointed to make the preliminary arrangements. Regarding the site for a central institution the report states that the Conference considered that the choice lay between Bombay and Bangalore,—the founder rather favouring Bangalore,—and adds "If, as is believed, special concessions in respect to a site and aid, in regard to the scheme generally, be made in Bangalore on the condition of the institution being there, the Conference would recommend that site." They recommend that the institution be known as the "Indian University of Research." The scheme includes laboratories, museum, library, and other extensive buildings, and the entertainment of a staff of professors of mathematics, chemistry, physics, technology, bacteriology, hygiene, and physiology. The scheme is to be increased hereafter by the addition of a philosophical and historical section as funds admit. The pay of the principal professors is to be Rs. 18,000 per annum each.

PLAGUE IN CALCUTTA.

ANTICIPATED INCREASE.

The *Englishman*, discussing the Calcutta Plague Returns, views with misgiving the fact that the general mortality is above the average, and appears to be rising. It adds that it is obliged to anticipate a further development of the epidemic in the near future.

SIR CHARLES PAUL, LATE ADV.-GENL., BENGAL.

Amongst the arrivals in Calcutta is Sir Charles Paul, lately Advocate-General, Bengal.

FAMINE RELIEF STATISTICS.

The numbers under famine relief have now gone up to close upon a million, the Central Provinces showing 5,33,173 ; Bombay 1,69,354 ; Ajmere-Merwara 79,630 ; Rajputana States 77,921 ; Punjab 71,576 ; and Central India States 22,768.

CATTLE DOING BADLY IN THE PUNJAB.

Cattle are said to be already starving in the Shahpur and Jhelum Districts of the Punjab.

GAZETTE OF INDIA NOTIFICATIONS.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Lieutenant-Colonel Dobson, Residency Surgeon, Mysore, has two months' privilege leave.

Major L. S. Newmarch is posted from leave as Political Agent, Bhopal.

Lieutenant-Colonel W. H. Wylie is posted as Resident, Western Rajputana.

Mr. Bayley, Superintendent of Thagi and Dakaiti Operations, has three months' leave from the 11th proximo, Mr. D. E. McCracken officiating.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. H. J. Brereton officiates as Deputy Auditor-General.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Mr. T. A. Blake takes charge of the office of the Examiner of Accounts, State Railway Stores.

One vacancy is notified for competition at the next examination for the admission to the superior accounts branch.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Mr. H. M. Bird resigns the Indian Civil Service with effect from the 30th ultimo.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Colonel H. E. Penton is appointed Colonel on the Staff, Bombay Command, vice Tandy resigned.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Lieutenant Elderton, R. I. M., is appointed Staff Officer, Bombay Dockyard, vice Commander Holland.

The Long Service Medal without gratuity is gazetted to Surgeon-Major W. Moran, and Sergeants G. Thompson and J. Herran, all of the Bombay Unattached List.

ACTION FOR TWO LAKHS.

SECUNDERABAD, Nov. 17.

The High Court of Bombay has issued a Commission to the Cantonment Magistrate here to examine the following witnesses in connection with a suit for two lakhs, filed by Mr. A. N. Templeton against Colonel Lawrie, Dr. Hehir and Miss Da'Costa, a Hyderabad Lady Doctor :—Sir Trevor Plowden, H. E. Sir Vikar-ul-Umra, Mr. F. C. Crawford, Railway Magistrate, Rao Bahadur Joshi, Residency Magistrate, and Mr. Bishop. Sir Trevor Plowden and Sir Vikar will be examined on their own premises, the other witnesses in the Cantonment Magistrate's court, towards the end of this or the beginning of next month. Mr. Branson appeared in Bombay to make an application in Chambers for Mr. Templeton, and Mr. Basil Scott opposed it on behalf of Colonel Lawrie.

SERVICE NOTES, MILITARY : TRANSFERS AND PROMOTIONS.

SIMLA, Nov. 17.

The following appointments have been made :—

8th Bengal Cavalry—2nd-Lieutenant Kay, from the 18th Bengal Infantry, to be Officiating Squadron Officer ; 2nd Bombay Lancers—Lieutenant Keogh, from the 22nd Bombay Infantry, to be Squadron Officer ; 9th Bombay Infantry—Lieutenants Haworth and Tatum to be Wing Officers ; 17th Bombay Infantry—Lieutenant Hoskyn, from the 9th Bombay Infantry, to be Wing Officer ; 35th Sikhs—Lieut. Cassels to be Adjutant ; 1st Punjab Infantry—2nd-Lieut Wylde, from the 19th Punjab Infantry, to be Officiating Wing Officer ; Erinpura Irregular Force—Lieut Alexander, from the Meywar-Bhil Corps to be Adjutant ; 19th Punjab Infantry—Lieut Churchill to be Adjutant ; 6th Bengal Cavalry—Lieut-Col. Wheler to be Commandant and Lieut-Col. Montresor, from the 4th Bengal Cavalry, to be 2nd-in-Command.

The following Second-Lieutenants of the Unattached List have been posted to the Native Regiments specified :—Goodfellow, to the 4th Bombay Rifles ; Money, to the 29th Punjab Infantry ; Timbrell, to the 13th Madras Infantry.

Owing to the death of Colonel Hughes, R.A.M.C., the following moves take place :—Colonel Hay, I.M.S., is transferred from Bombay to Quetta ; while Lieut.-Col. Bleanerhasset, R. A. M. C., officiates as P. M. O., Bombay District.

CALCUTTA, Nov. 17.

Captain McWhinnie, Dy. Asst. Adjt.-Genl., Poona, proceeds home on eight months' leave.

Captain Kenny joins the Military Dept. as Offg. Asst. Secretary on the 28th instant.

BOMBAY COMMAND ORDERS.

POONA, Nov. 17.

The Lieut.-General Commanding the Forces is pleased to make the following appointments :—26th Bombay Infantry—Lieut. McPherson, I. M. S., to Officiating Medical Charge, vice Capt. Jenney, I.M.S., temporarily deputed to the Civil Department.

Royal Army Medical Corps—The following transfers are ordered :—Major Lane, from Bombay District to Sind District ; Major Stuart, from Poona District to Deesa District ; Major Cardozo, from Deesa District to Mhow District ; Capt. Anderson, from Mhow District to Aden District.

The undermentioned officer, on arrival from England, is posted as follows :—Lieut. Lawsley to Bombay District.

Under instructions received from the War Office, it is notified that 2nd-Lieut. Murray, No. 21 Company, Western Division, Royal Garrison Artillery, has been transferred to No. 18 Company, Western Division, Royal Garrison Artillery.

The Government of India, by the direction of the Secretary of State for India, have issued instructions for the reduction by absorption of the recruit boy establishment in the Bombay Command until the number on the rolls is reduced to one-half of the present authorised strength. Officers commanding regiments having recruit boy establishments are accordingly directed to refrain from enrolling any more boys on such establishment until the number falls below half its established strength, i.e., six. The report is to be submitted to Command Headquarters as soon as the reduction has been effected.

It is notified for information that the Government of India have been pleased to sanction the grant to the Officers Commanding the Reserve Centres of the allowances noted below for the repair of arms and accoutrements of reservists of the Indian Army during the period they are embodied for training :—Armourer's allowance of Rs. 5 per month when the number of reservists does not exceed 100 ; Rs. 10 for any number in excess ; the allowance only to be drawn for those months in which reservists are embodied for training. Actual expenditure on repairs to accoutrements up to a limit of Rs. 10 for each centre.

The Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General for Musketry, Bombay Command, will visit the following districts in the months of December, January and February :—Mhow, Deesa, Nagpur, Sind, and Quetta.

The undermentioned officers and warrant officers have been permitted by the Secretary of State for India to return to duty :—Colonel Lucas, Staff Corps, Commissariat Department ; Captain Bicknell, R. A., Ordnance Department ; Captain Talbot, 7th Bombay Lancers ; Lieutenant Hannyngton, 29th Bombay Infantry ; Conductor Jackson, Ordnance Department.

The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on private affairs :—Captain Belli-Bivar, Staff Corps, 2nd Squadron Commander, 7th Bombay Lancers, for one year, pension service eighteenth year commenced 29th October.

The undermentioned officers have leave of absence on extensions :—Captain Stannus, 20th Hussars, from 7th November to 22nd January, on medical certificate, granted by the War Office, in extension of the leave granted in Bombay Command Order No. 299 of 1899 ; Major Baker, 2nd Bombay Grenadiers, three months, on medical certificate, granted by the Secretary of State for India.

PLAGUE IN POONA.

There was one imported case in the city to-day, the total mortality being eight. In the district there were 33 cases and 20 deaths ; in Talegaon 16 cases and 8 deaths ; in Saswad 6 cases and 3 deaths ; and in Ghode 7 cases and 2 deaths.

THE RAILWAY COMMISSION.

FIFTY-

YESTERDAY the Railway Commission, consisting of Sir Arthur Trevor, K.C.S.I., Member of the Viceroy's Council, Public Works Department, Mr. F. R. Upcott, Secretary, Public Works Department of the Government of India, and the Hon. Mr. Allan Arbuthnot of Calcutta, resumed the inquiry at the Secretariat Council Hall, relative to the proposed Bombay Port Trust Railway. Mr. W. H. K. Howard, of the Public Works Department, Railway Secretariat, was present as the Government Commissioner.

Mr. H. Wendon, Chief Engineer of the G. I. P. Railway, in his evidence said that he should like it to be recorded that, in case anything he might say was liable to be regarded as indicating that he was opposed to the scheme, it was not so. He had considered the subject without bias, and under the conviction that, if the line were required in the interests of this city, it should be made. He had, however, deemed it his duty in bringing all questionable points before the Commission. That the interests of trade constituted a necessity for the construction of the proposed land was, he believed, doubtful ; but that was a point on which members of the mercantile community were better qualified than he was to express a sound opinion. That the proposed line was required to facilitate direct communication between the railway and the ships in the docks was an opinion in which he did not concur, because he maintained that they could so readjust some of the sidings in Wari Bunder as to render communication between that yard and the docks, south of Merewether Dry Dock, just as efficient as it would be if the new line was made, though the readjustment which they should make would not permit of what he might term a main line between Wari Bunder and Ballard Pier as proposed by the Port Trust. That the proposed line would be necessary if the centres of the grain and cotton trade were transferred from Mandvie and Colaba to places situated north of the docks was beyond question. But it appeared that the necessity or expediency of such transference was questioned by the mercantile community. In respect of the grain trade, he was unable to offer any opinion, but as regarded cotton it was commonly said that the centre of that trade should be as near the centre of the mill industry as possible. He was bound, however, to say that no more desirable spot could be selected, at any rate for rail-borne cotton, than that shown in the plan attached to the chairman's letter.

Mr. A. Zygouras, of Messrs. Ralli Brothers, said he divided the scheme into two parts. The first was the removal of the Cotton Green to Mazagon, and the second was the construction of a central grain and seed depot somewhere near Mandvi and the Docks, in order to improve the method of bundling cotton and produce at reduced rates and without any extra trouble and risk. There would be great advantages in removing the Cotton Green to Mazagon, though there were some serious objections, such as, divided responsibility between the Railways and the Port Trust, which the trade, could, on no account, accept. As regards compactness, of which the Port Trust make so much, it might actually lead to congestion. The trade in order to avail itself of the new market, must have easy and cheap communication, as otherwise it would mean waste of time. There must be no splitting in the trade, that is, the whole of a Cotton Green at Colaba should be removed *en bloc*, as otherwise it would incurs double staff, which would naturally entail heavy expense to the trade. Ample room must be provided in the depot, as otherwise there would be congestion. The Port Trust must provide the place with presses. The witness then referred to a letter of the Chairman of the Port Trust to Government, and proceeded to criticise the details of the scheme embodied in that letter. The trade, he said, would be greatly benefited by direct shipments. He pointed out that the proposed seed and grain depot could not be augmented in area, because on the one side was the P. and O. Dockyard, and on the other side the sea, and again there were the docks and the terminus of the G. I. P. Railway and the Frere Road, whilst the trade and the population of Bombay were increasing. To build a second dock as the Port Trust contemplated doing in the future, would be a mistake. Far greater facilities and accommodation for trade could be afforded at much less expense if the Port Trust put double sidings to their sheds along the dock quays. Regarding the arrangements for working the grain depot at Wari Bunder, he was afraid they would lead to congestion and accidents. Provided there were certain modifications, he considered that the scheme was a very good one.

By Mr. Arthur :—As long as the Port Trust did not ask him to pay higher rates than at present, he had no objection to what amount of money the Port Trust spent on the scheme. He did not think that shed accommodation for 100,000 tons would be enough for the grain trade of Bombay.

Mr. S. Nathan, of Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co., gave evidence on behalf of the firm who were decidedly in favour of the scheme both as exporters of grain and seeds and as millowners. The removal of the grain depot from Mandvie to Wari Bunder would be an advantage, not only to the trade, but to the whole of Bombay. They thoroughly approved of the removal of the Cotton Green. It would be a great advantage to merchants to rail their goods direct to the depot. In regard to bullock carts having to cross the lines, they did so at present, as they had at least to cross the Baroda line at Parel.

Mr. D. Lindsay, who gave evidence as local Manager of the Royal Insurance Co. and not as Chairman of the Insurance Association, dealt with the scheme from a Fire Insurance point of view. He said the chairman referred to a rate of 2 annas for full-pressed bales of cotton stored in the P. and V. Docks, and hinted that the same rate might be charged for proposed cotton godowns at Mazagon. He pointed out that the Fire Insurance tariff gave an all-round minimum rate of two annas for the dock and did not provide a special rate for cotton in full-pressed bales. Under the most favourable circumstances it was probable a minimum rate of four annas per cent. for full-pressed bales and six annas per cent. for loose cotton bales might be obtained for insurance in the proposed new godowns ; this being the rate for godowns in the compound of the mills in cases where the building was semi-fireproof. The present rates for the public godown at Colaba ranged from eight to fourteen annas per cent. for full-pressed bales and 10 to 16 annas per cent. for cotton in loose bales and bundles.

The Hon. Mr. B. D. Petit, senior partner in the firm of Messrs. D. M. Petit and Co., who manage six mills with 200,000 spindles and 4,000 looms, said about 1,10,000 bales of cotton were consumed every year in their mills. He was in favour of having cotton stored at Mazagon instead of at Colaba. Bombay mills consumed about 10 lakhs of bales of cotton annually, and the saving in cartage by the removal of the Cotton Green would be about Rs. 60,000 in round figures. The Port Trust should declare that they would not increase the ground rent for at least 50 years. He was in favour of the Railway, and considered that the G. I. P. Co. should build and manage it.

The Commission then adjourned until 11 a.m. to-day.

REVIEWS.

STALKY & Co., by Rudyard Kipling (Macmillan's Colonial Library). Was there ever such a cheerful, mischief-making, work-shirking, clever, resourceful band as Stalky & Co.! One reads with feelings that ought to be shocked, but are really intensely amused, of their escapades, and the skill with which, when trouble apparently was hopelessly unavoidable, they turned the tables with an aplomb worthy of a General cleverer than the world has yet seen. Stalky, McTurk, and Beetle must have been doubtful pleasures to their masters, and when their housemaster told them he was in "loco parentis," in the vain hope of making an impression on them, this was how Stalky took it :—

"That means he's maturing something unusual dam mean. Last time he told us that he gave me three hundred lines for dancin' the cachuca in November Ten dormitory. *Loco Parentis*, by gum! But what's the odds so long as you're appy. We're all right."

Beetle must have been Kipling himself. He was the poet of the party and many of his lampoons on his hated house-master were found about, and Mr King let him have it classically :—

"From his untied shoe-strings to his mended spectacles (the life of a poet as a big school is hard), he held him up to the derision of his associates—with the usual result. His wild flowers of speech—King had an unpleasant tongue—restored him to good humour at the last. He drew a lurid picture of Beetle's future and as scurrilous pamphleteer dying in an attic, scattered a few compliments over McTurk and Corkran, and, reminding Beetle that he must come up for judgment when called upon, went to Commemoration, where he triumphed again over his victims."

Later when these incorrigibles have got even with King by a roundabout system only possible to be evolved in their young, fresh brains, they walked downstairs in front of him to prayers, pretending unconsciousness of his proximity, but

"King was behind them, and every well-weighed word went up the staircase like an arrow.

"'I can only swear, said Beetle, 'that King cursed like a bargee. Simply disgustin.' I 'm goin' to write to my Father an' tell him.'

'Better report it to Mason' suggested Stalky. 'He knows our tender consciences. Hold on a shake, I 've got to tie my bootlace.'

It was left to McTurk to sum up the situation beneath the guns of the enemy.

'You see', said the Irishman, 'hanging on the banister, 'he begins by bullying little chaps ; then he bullies big chaps ; then he bullies some one who isn't connected with the College, and then he catches it. Serves him jolly well right ..... I beg your pardon, Sir, I did not see you were coming down the staircase.'

The black gown tore past like a thunder-storm, and the three shrank abreast, arms linked, Stalky and Co rolled up the big corridor to prayers, singing with the most innocent intention :—

'Arrah, Patsy, mind the baby ! Arrah, Patsy, mind the child !

Wrap him up in an overcoat, he's surely goin' wild !

Arrah, Patsy, mind the baby ; just see mind the child awhile !

He'll kick and bite and cry all night ! Arrah, Patsy, mind the child !'

The unbounded energy and wit of Stalky and Co. kept them and the authorities, Prefects included, in a perpetual state of mental chaos, sifted out occasionally into some semblance of reason and order by the judicious canings of the Head. The final revenge of the trio on the sixth-form Tulke for calling a Prefects' meeting to consider their outrageous behaviour was perfect in its way. As was also the exquisite pie they skilfully managed to make of the Ode set by King for a serious examination. It is needless to say that chaps with the individuality and talent of Stalky & Company adorned later life with brave and unexpected actions, and developed into strong, gifted, helpful men, whose words were few but terse, and whose deeds hit the mark. But we cannot laugh as we did when we followed their excruciating fun at school, when their language was calculated to raise the roof off the corridors and their comic diversions always seemed on the verge of spelling tragedy for the whole college. The book is as entertaining as a boy's book as could well be devised ; for the author has not forgotten his school-days, and can put himself exactly in Beetle's or Stalky's or McTurk's place.

VALDA HAREM, by D. H. Pryce (Macmillan's Colonial Library). The authoress of this story in a short preface is careful to assure us that it is not, in any respect, a true story, and we are warned against believing that the descriptions in it apply to any particular Harem in Cairo. Yet the writer had an intimate personal knowledge of Orientals and their ways : and she speaks of the kind confidence and hospitality she experienced in generous from her Turkish friends, which would effectually prevent her from laying bare any of the secrets of an actual Turkish household. We are unfeignedly glad to know all this, for in reading the story our sympathies were entirely with the Pasha. In spite of the delicate charm of his little wife, who has a vague yearning for some sort of a free life far away from the confinement of her palace, we don't see why so distressed as we ought for her unsatisfied longings. She tells her little boy's governess how she likes her husband almost as well as her brother. But she adds how from her own sheltered carriage she has watched Englishmen "so polite, so full of deference," and she has thought the English ladies not quite worthy of them. "Ah ! if destiny had given me to an Englishman, one of the distinguished ones, I mean, of course, not any of those wild fellows that come every year with Cook with their hats on the backs of their heads, and their faces all hot and red, and the long white rags of muslin on their hats flapping in the wind as they gallop in the sun like madmen on donkeys ; I don't like that sort !" And in spite of Margaret Grey's good advice, Valda Hanem contrives to fall in love with an Englishman, who is more skilful than honourable in finding opportunities of seeing the foolish little Turkish butterfly. She is scused to her husband's devotion that she undervalues it, and encourages the weakness of her silly heart. The agonies she goes through in trying to keep her English love at bay are tragic. As we said, our sympathies are unswerving with the Pasha, and we regret the needless grief that is brought on him by the knowledge of the foolish fancy fostered by the aimless, idle, luxurious life of the Harem, in his pretty little wife's heart. Her health suffers and she fades away, but we are thankful that the romance never gets beyond the sentimental stage and still more relieved to know that the incidents are not true.

THE LOG OF A SEA WAIF, by Frank T. Buller (Macmillan's Colonial Library), bears the impress of realism. It is a simple record of the first four years of a friendless boy's sea-life. It was hard every day, and the treatment, varying from heartlessly cruel to indifferently kind, which he went through all the time, gives a fair idea of what the life of a sea-waif must perforce be. However gloomy it was, in some ways there was every now and again a gleam through the dark clouds, either the forbearance of a fellow sailor, or experiences on land that just kept the lad from despair. The writer does not exaggerate ; he plainly and strongly lays the incidents of the boy's life at sea in various merchantmen before the reader who realises the awful time those four years must have been. We have every sort of skipper and mate before us—bad, middling, and good. Wretched as the life at sea was, it was heaven compared to the traditions of the same life in the earlier part of the century. The book leaves off when the waif is seventeen and he is looking forward hopefully to engagements in the more responsible post of an "able seaman." He has resisted the rougher temptations of his calling and has ambition that must help him to rise and keep him from those lower depths which seem so often to engulf the ordinary British sailor.

A BITTER VINTAGE, by K. Douglas King (Macmillan's Colonial Library). This is a story of a lot of glorified tramps, led round the country as players by a man named Trevandice, a man of singular force of character and resource, but cursed with a recurring passion for drink which destroyed all chance of his ever succeeding in life. He kept his little company together, nevertheless, for many years, and they all led a precarious and varied existence under his management. One of the least promising of his troupe is dismissed as hopelessly incapable. But three years later he makes a bit in the London Music Halls, and again meets Trevandine. The chief interest of the story is in the crossing of the paths of these two men, each going gradually lower and lower down, one into the depths of vice and misery, the other of direst poverty and distress. It is a hopelessly-wretched romance of the slums coming to its dramatic, but wholly undeserved, ending in the extinction of a young life without its victim having attained one gleam of happiness. There are incongruities in the story, but it is cleverly told and brings out our sympathies for the great crowd of toilers whose lines are as uncertain as bubbles on the water.

JENETHA'S VENTURE, by Colonel A. F. P. Harcourt, (Cassell's Colonial Library). This is a most exciting story of the Siege of Delhi, recording much of what happened inside the walls when the city of the Moguls was in the hands of the rebel sepoys. An English girl is supposed to have lain concealed in the town for many months. Her pluck, endurance, and ready wit preserved her from the fate of the rest of her kinswomen who had been murdered directly after the seizure of the town by the army of the King of Delhi. Jenetha's arrival in the city was very much by chance but, once in the centre of its dangers, her spirits rose and she managed to defy fate. Any story of the Mutiny is read with interest. This one, with its air of romance and its record of a thousand and one hair-breadth escapes from worse than living death, is well told, and keeps the reader keenly busy following the intrigues, the heroic deeds, and the smaller events that filled the days of the actors, Native and European, in the long four months' tragedy of the siege of Delhi.

AT about midday on October 25, the Dundee fishing fleet was making for Gourdon, a village to the north of Montrose, when one of the boats was caught in a squall and foundered. The crew of five men—James Taylor, Skipper, and his four sons—were thrown into the water. Taylor himself was rescued in an exhausted condition by another boat, but his sons were drowned. Taylor was taken to Gourdon, where he subsequently died.

THE WAR IN SOUTH AFRICA.

A REVERSE TO BRITISH ARMS.

TWO INFANTRY BATTALIONS CAPTURED.

HEAVY FIGHTING NEAR LADYSMITH.

(Compiled from the Mail papers Oct. 27 to Nov. 3.)

THE news from the scene of operations in Natal this week has, we regret to say, been of a grave character. On Monday morning last the Boers, who, under General Joubert, had concentrated in the neighbourhood of Ladysmith, began their attack upon that place. All the troops under the command of Sir George White were engaged, and the enemy, as the result of a reconnaissance on the part of the defending army, were beaten back. But this success, which seems to have been only of a partial kind, was not obtained without a serious disaster to Sir George White's force.

It appears from the official reports that four and a half companies of the Gloucester Regiment, together with six and a half companies of a Royal Irish Fusiliers, and the 10th Mountain Battery (a force totalling about 1,200 men) were sent out on Sunday night to seize Nicholson's Nek or some other point the possession of which would turn the enemy's right flank.

During the night some boulders were rolled down the hill by the enemy and some rifle shots fired. This caused the mules to stampede, carrying away the mountain guns and the reserve ammunition. The infantry then seized a hill, which during the night they fortified as well as they could. At half-past nine, in the morning the Boers attacked, and were heavily reinforced during the day. An heroic but unequal combat was kept up until three o'clock in the afternoon, when, their ammunition being exhausted, the British were compelled to capitulate to the Boers.

Sir George White states that the security of Ladysmith is in no way affected. All day on Tuesday there was an artillery duel between the opposing forces.

The news from Natal since Monday has been very scanty, only a few messages, besides official telegrams, having received in London. Up to Thursday evening, however, telegraphic communication with Ladysmith was still intact.

Mafeking and Kimberley are still holding out, but few details of any further fighting have reached us for several days past.

THE DISASTER TO A BRITISH COLUMN.

TWO REGIMENTS CAPTURED BY THE ENEMY.

The following telegram was received at the War Office at 4-47 a.m., on Tuesday from the General Officer Commanding in Natal :—

Ladysmith, Oct. 30, 11-35 p.m.—I have to report a disaster to a column sent by me to take a position on hill to guard the left flank of the troops in these operations to-day. The Royal Irish Fusiliers, No. 10 Mountain Battery, and the Gloucester Regiment were surrounded in hills, and, after losing heavily, had to capitulate. Casualties not yet ascertained. A man of Royal Irish Fusiliers employed as hospital orderly came in under flag of truce with a letter from the survivors (?) of the column, and asked for assistance to bury the dead. I fear there is no doubt of the truth of the report. I formed the plan in carrying out which the disaster occurred, and am alone responsible for that plan. No blame whatever attaches to the troops, as the position was untenable.

LIST OF OFFICERS CAPTURED.

MANY WOUNDED.

The following telegram was also received at the War Office on Tuesday from General Officer Commanding Natal to the Secretary of State for War :—

Ladysmith, Oct. 30, 11-40 p.m.—List of officers taken prisoners by Boers this day :—

Staff.—Major W. Adye.

Royal Irish Fusiliers.—Lieutenant-Colonel F. R. C. Carlston ; Major F.H. Munn ; Major C.S. Kincaid ; Captains Barrow and Rice (latter wounded) ; Captain Silver (severely wounded) ; Lieutenants A.E.S. Heard, C. G. Campbell, W. G. B. Philips, A. Gregor, H. B. Holmes, A. L. J. M. Kelly, W. D. Doone (flesh wound) ; Second Lieutenants Kentish, Knahan, Jeutwins ; Chaplain ; Father Matthews.

Gloucester Regiment.—Majors St. Humphery, H. Capel Mars, W. R. Waldee ; Captains Simeon and Conner (both slightly wounded) ; Lieutenants Bryant, Nisbet, Ingram, Davy, Knox, Temple, Radice, Breul, Hill, Short ; Second Lieutenants Smith, Mackenzie, Beasley, Gray.

Royal Artillery.—Major A. E. Bryant.

10th Mountain Battery.—Lieutenants Wheeler, G. H. R. Nugent, W. H. Moore ; attached, Lieutenant Webb.

Newspaper Correspondent.—J. Hyde.

GRAPHIC DETAILS OF THE DISASTER.

SIR GEORGE WHITE'S DESPATCH.

The War Office has received the following further telegram from Sir George White describing the operation on Monday, the 30th inst., dated Ladysmith, October 31st, 7-50 p.m.—

I took out from Ladysmith a brigade of mounted troops, two brigade divisions Royal Artillery, Natal Field Artillery, and two brigades of infantry to reconnoitre in force enemy's position to the north, and if opportunity should offer to capture the hill behind Farquhar's Pass, which had on the previous day been in strength by enemy.

I took on with the advance a column, consisting of Mountain Battery, four and a half companies of Gloucesters and six companies of the Royal Irish, and the whole under Lieut.-Colonel Carleton, with Major A. G., as Staff Officer, was despatched at 10p.m., on the 29th, to march by night up Bell's Spruit and seize the son's Nek or some position near Nickolson's Nek, thus turning the enemy's right flank. The main advance was successfully carried out, the objective of the attack being found evacuated, and artillery duel between our Field batteries and the enemy's guns of position and Maxims is understood to have caused them considerable loss. Reconnaissance forced enemy to fully disclose his position, and after a strong counter attack on our right Infantry Brigade and Cavalry had been repulsed, the troops were slowly withdrawn to camp, picket being left in observation. Late in the engagement the Naval contingent under Captain Lambton, H. M. S. Powerful, came into action, and silenced with extremely accurate fire the enemy's guns of position.

The circumstances which attended the movement of Colonel Carleton's column are not yet fully known, but from the reports received the column appears to have carried out the night march unmolested until within two miles of Nickolson's Nek. At this point two hills rolled from the hill and the mules, the shots stampeded the infantry ammunition mules. The stampede spread to the battery mules, which broke loose from their leaders, and got away with practically the whole of the gun equipment. The greater portion of the Royal Irish Fusiliers and the Mounted Infantry Reserve was similarly lost. The Infantry battalions, however, fixed bayonets, and accompanied by the personnel of the battery seized a hill on the left of the road two or three miles from the little opposition. There they remained unmolested until dawn, the time being occupied in organised defence of the hill, and constructing stone sangars and walls as cover from fire. At dawn a skirmishing attack on our position was developed by the enemy, but was made no way until 9-30 a.m., when strong reinforcements enabled them to push attack with great energy. The fire became very searching, and two companies of the Gloucesters in an advanced position were ordered to fall back. The enemy then pressed to short range, the losses on our side becoming very numerous. At 3 p.m., our ammunition was practically exhausted. The position was captured, and survivors of column fell into the enemy's hands.

The enemy treated the wounded with great humanity, General Joubert at once despatching a letter to me offering safe conduct to doctors and ambulances to remove wounded. Medical officer and parties to render first aid to wounded were despatched to scene of action during the night, and ambulances at dawn this morning. The want of success of the column was due to the misfortune of the mules stampeding, and consequent loss of guns and small arm ammunition reserve. Official list of casualties and prisoners will be reported shortly. The latter are understood to have been sent by rail to Pretoria. The security of Ladysmith is in no way affected.

RETURN OF STRAGGLERS TO CAMP.

Pietermaritzburg, October 31, 9-25 a.m.—Stragglers from the Gloucester Regiment are arriving at Ladysmith. A number of the mule with a portion of the Mountain Battery are also coming in.—Exchange Telegraph Company.

CABINET COUNCIL.

A meeting of the Cabinet was held at the Foreign Office at 12-30 on Wednesday. Lord Salisbury presided. The meeting was an exceptionally brief one, but at half-past three there was held at the Foreign Office a meeting of what was (says the Press Association) probably the Defence Committee of the Cabinet, Lord Lansdowne (the Secretary

division of Home troops, the Naval Field Force, and lines of communication. The infantry battalions will be upwards of 1,000 strong, and each mounted regiment will consist of 500 men. The following details will, it is believed, approximate as nearly as possible to the actual formation of Sir Redvers Buller's forces:—In supreme command, General Sir Redvers Buller, V.C., G.C.B., K.C.M.G.; Chief of Staff, Major-General Sir A. Hunter, K.C.B.; First Division—General Officer commanding, Lieut.-General Lord Methuen; Second Division—General Officer commanding, Sir F. C. Clery, K.C.B.; Third Division—General Officer commanding, Lieut.-General Sir W. F. Gatacre, K.C.B. The Cavalry Division will be commanded by Lieut.-General J. O. P. French.

THE LINES OF COMMUNICATION.

(Tuesday's "London Gazette" announces that Lieut.-General Sir F. W. E. F. Forestier-Walker, K.C.B., C.M.G., has been appointed to have the general command and direction of the Lines of Communication in South Africa.

THE MILITARY PREPARATIONS.

THREE EXTRA BATTALIONS TO BE SENT OUT.

The following telegram has been dispatched to Sir Redvers Buller by the War Office:—

"Three extra battalions of foot and one mountain battery, with Reservemen, will leave England in the course of about ten days to make good casualties."

MORE RESERVES CALLED OUT.

The following Order was issued from the War Office on Tuesday:—

The Secretary of State for War, having decided to call out on permanent service certain men of the Reserve of the Infantry of the Line, the following regiments will be added to the schedule of men called out for permanent service from the first-class Army Reserve:—

Infantry of the Line—The Suffolk Regiment; the Essex Regiment; the Sherwood Foresters (Derbyshire Regiment). Mobilisation for Service in South Africa. The undermentioned units will be mobilised at once in accordance with the regulations for the mobilisation of a field force for service in South Africa—1st Battalion Suffolk Regiment; 1st Battalion Essex Regiment; 1st Battalion Sherwood Foresters (Derbyshire Regiment). The 1st day of November is to be considered the first day of mobilisation. Army Reservists required to complete these units to war establishment will be directed to rejoin on or before the sixth day of November, 1899.

LATEST MAIL TELEGRAMS.

LADYSMITH ISOLATED.

A PROTEST BY JOUBERT.

SITUATION AT KIMBERLEY.

(From the *Globe*, Nov. 3rd.)

THE official announcement that telegraphic communication with Ladysmith was severed yesterday afternoon is only what was expected, from the known movements of the Boers. From another source we learn that railway communication is still open, under caution.

The latest news which has come to hand from the British camp shows that up to yesterday the artillery engagement was proceeding, and, as announced last night, Lieutenant Egerton, of the "Powerful," had been dangerously wounded.

A rumour prevailed in Cape Town yesterday that the Boers had been driven out of their positions with heavy loss, but there is no official confirmation of this; while, on the other hand, the report published in Paris of a later disaster to Gen. White's force, in which the commander himself was wounded, is entirely discredited at the War Office.

From latest official telegrams it appears that our loss in Monday's battle—altogether apart from the captured force under Col. Carleton—was 54 killed and 231 wounded of the rank and file, and six officers killed and nine wounded.

Further details of the battle from the "Central News" correspondent shows that the Boers suffered very heavily, especially from our shells, which caused them, the correspondent says, to fall in heaps. Gen. Joubert has, it is added, sent a protest to Sir G. White against the use of Lyddite.

From Kimberley it was reported on October 29, that all the wounded were doing well.

NATAL.

FURTHER NEWS OF MONDAY'S BATTLE.

GREAT BOER LOSSES.

Ladysmith, October 31, 5-15 p.m.

(Express Message.)

ALTHOUGH Monday was not a good day for us, it was positively terrible for the enemy. Our artillery fire was absolutely appalling. The Boers lost hundreds of men in killed and wounded. Where our shells burst among them they fell in heaps. That this is causing the greatest concern to the Boer leaders is shown by the fact that General Joubert has written to Sir George White a formal protest against the use of Lyddite, as inhuman. The British naval guns that have just been mounted have proved so vastly superior to those in the Boer batteries that it should entirely alter that feature of the fighting, and should give our men the pull in the future. The British losses on Monday have now been ascertained. They are about 300 killed and wounded. The losses are heavy—but not especially so considering the nature of our attack. The prisoners taken with Col. Carleton's column exceed 800. After the battle yesterday a local armistice was concluded at six o'clock to enable the wounded to be collected and the dead buried. A great artillery engagement must occur immediately. The Boer batteries—only about four miles from Ladysmith. So far as the artillery is concerned, this, it is believed, will prove so. Our guns dominate theirs and are much more smartly handled. Gen. Kock, who was wounded and captured at Elandslaagte, has died from his wounds. We are confident of being able to hold our own.—*Central News.*

WESTERN FRONTIER.

THE POSITION OF KIMBERLEY.

Kimberley, October 29.

All the wounded are doing well. An inch of rain has fallen during the past few days. Small bodies of the enemy, some 400 strong, have been frequently seen of late. They are apparently coming south from Mafeking, either for the purpose of assisting in the attack on Kimberley or of resisting the advance of troops. The absence of water outside Kimberley causes the Boers to be constantly on the move. The transport for the Kimberley Light Horse is now complete.—Reuter.

Cape Town, October 31, 3-30 p.m.

A dispatch from Kimberley reports that all was well there on the 25th. The effect of the previous day's fight was that Klipdam and Windsorton were evacuated by the Boers.—Reuter.

LOYALTY OF CAPE MAHOMEDANS.

Cape Town, October 31.

The Mahomedan inhabitants of this city have written to Sir A. Milner, expressing loyalty to the Queen, and offering their services in any way required. The High Commissioner has replied that the Mahomedans can assist the Government by providing for the refugees of their faith from the Transvaal.—Reuter.

Burghersdorp, October 31.

The Boers have concentrated at Bethulie a force of five commandos, numbering 4,000 men, and stated to be armed with field guns. The merchants here have been commandeered on three distinct occasions for foodstuffs, which are scarce.—Reuter.

AMERICA'S FRIENDSHIP.

New York, November 3.

That the American people and Press are generally with Great Britain in the Transvaal struggle is more and more evidenced in the comments on the results of the Ladysmith disaster. Thus the "Tribune" says: "The British are going to win this war, and a dozen reverses like that near Ladysmith would not prevent their doing so, but would rather stiffen their determination. The "Herald," in speaking with praise of General White's "manly shouldering of the responsibility," says "it recalls General Lee's dispatch announcing his defeat at Gettysburg." No higher praise than this could come from an American source.

LABOUCHERE AND THE DUTY OF ENGLISHMEN.

Paris, November 3.

Mr. Labouchere declares in the "Gaulois" that we must all remember to-day we are Englishmen. Patriotism outweighs political divergencies, and fortune will eventually favour England. If the situation becomes serious, Parliament will probably meet in January.—Exchange Company.

THE FRENCH PRESS.

Paris, November 3.

In an article on foreign politics to-day, the "Figaro" refers to an Anglo-American alliance, said to have been concluded as an outcome of the Hispano-American War. The Cabinet at Washington, the journal says, is convinced that had it not been for the resolute attitude of Great Britain Mr. M'Kinley's Government would have had to face an European coalition on Spain's behalf to deprive the United States of the fruits of its victory. The English have played so well upon this string that, at the present moment, if Europe did not remain in a position of strict neutrality towards England during the Transvaal war, it would not be long before the American Fleet showed its flag on the eastern and southern coasts of Africa. That is the Emperor William's nightmare, and will be made use of as an argument in favour of the increase of the German Navy when the new naval proposals come before Parliament. "The English," the "Figaro" adds, "hope that such an increase may be made, with a view to the conclusion of an alliance between Great Britain, the United States, and Germany."—Reuter.

Paris, November 3.

The Paris papers this morning still show a strong anti-English bias. The "Petite Republique" is the only paper to protest against these outbursts. It is pure folly to attempt to compare the present war with a war between France and Great Britain, it says, but the Nationalists have made up their minds to force France into a war with the British. They have their plan, and hope that by constant repetition every day of the fable that only four Frenchmen and one corporal are needed to put the British Army to flight, they will excite France beyond all restraint and force the country into difficulties.—Dabisi.

COLENSO AND LADYSMITH.

The "Central News" learns that the Boers have not yet attacked Colenso. Though the wires leading out of Ladysmith have been cut, information received by the Government up to this morning shows that the railway line between Durban and Ladysmith is still open. Traffic, it is understood, is being conducted with caution.

The following official announcement was last night posted at the War Office:—

"The Governor of Natal has informed the Colonial Office that telegraphic communication with Ladysmith has been interrupted since 2-30 p.m. to-day (Tuesday)."

THE DISASTER TO A BRITISH COLUMN.

CONTINENTAL OPINION.

RECEPTION OF THE NEWS IN PARIS.

It must be said to the credit of the Parisians that there has been no outburst of popular triumph over the news of the British disaster in Natal. Paris lives so much upon the boulevards, and the weather is still so warm, that if the feeling of satisfaction—which of course in a certain measure exists—had any serious depth of intensity it would be certain to have taken the form of an open-air display. This has not been the case. One afternoon paper, it is true, has hoisted the Transvaal and the Orange Free State flags from its windows, but it would be doing France a real injury and uttering an absolute libel against her to suggest for a moment that the opinions emanating from this little nest of ignoramuses in any way represent the true thought of the country. It is not my habit to associate with people of this class, and from those French whom I do meet, who have breeding and intelligence, not one word has been forthcoming at which the most sensitive patriotism could take offence. I do not disguise that the general sentiment in France—that of the masses—is superficially and sentimentally hostile to us. But I would warn your readers against attaching undue importance to the isolated vulgarity of Frenchmen who live by dragging through the mire the fair name of a country, which still has remunatory notions of courtesy and fair play. The French as a nation are only desirous of peace, and your readers must not run away with any other idea. But if England shows any signs of wavering in her attitude towards the Transvaal Republic I can assure you on the strength of a lengthy experience in this city, that the chances of an early war between France and England would be enormously increased. Not that any responsible statesmen would wish it, but patriotic hysteria and secular hatred could then no longer be kept within bounds.—*St. James Budget.*

CRITICISM IN BERLIN.

The disposition among Berlin critics (says the correspondent of the "Daily Telegraph") is to magnify the disaster that has befallen a large portion of General White's troops, and to severely criticise the capacity of that officer. Further news from the seat of war is being awaited with the keenest interest. Military critics are convinced that General White must be in a position to maintain a defensive attitude until the arrival of sufficient reinforcements. The Conservative "Kreuz Zeitung" considers that strategical science was out of the question, and ridicules the report that mules had escaped with the artillery train, comparing it with the mule stories of the Spanish-American war.

The Pan-Germanic organ "Rundschau" says:—"General White has for the first time decided to confess to a defeat, but he did not do so until the secret could not be kept any longer. The mule story tops all the blossoms of General White's bombastic style that have been received so far. The Ladysmith defeat may prove very disastrous to the English. They will scarcely be able to defend their position."

AUSTRIAN PRESS COMMENTS.

Vienna, November 1.—The semi-official "Fremdenblatt," in an article on the battle of Ladysmith, says it has been shown that the Boers on the battlefield are foemen who are by no means to be despised, but are rather to be viewed as equals. The journal says that the recognition which is due to a militia army engaged in an unaccustomed military operation must be accorded in still greater measure to the Boer army. Moreover, the moral consequences of the Boer victory will be greater than its material results for the Republicans who are fighting for their independence can now count more than ever on the support of their kith and kin in South Africa. The excitement of people's minds in England will subside when it is remembered that the foreign wars of Great Britain have mostly begun with reverses, and moreover that no definite result can be attained before the arrival of General Sir Redvers Buller's Army Corps.

The "Neue Freie Presse" says:—More serious than the numerical loss is the damage to military prestige which is bound up with the capitulation of a considerable force of men, and the restoration of that prestige demands the continuation of the war cost what it may. The war now waged is evidently one between real armies which for the present at least are equally matched adversaries. We regret that Great Britain has done nothing to terminate the war by striking some decisive blows and to render it as bloodless as possible. In view of the fact that no the least inclination is shown anywhere to intervene in the war it is still possible for Great Britain to make good what she has so far omitted to do in the way of war preparations. The reflex action of the British defeat upon affairs in Cape Colony and a possible rising there would considerably complicate the work of the British reinforcements and elsewhere perhaps bring to maturity wishes which have hitherto been suppressed. The journal comes to the conclusion that early successes of the British arms would be the best calculated to produce a state of mind in which an offer of friendly intervention might find a hearing on both sides.—*Reuter.*

THE HUNGARIAN PRESS ON THE SITUATION.

Budapest, November 1.—The "Pester Lloyd" describes the talk of European intervention in favour of the Boers as absurd. The paper adds:—"One ought not to lose sight of the fact that the operations now being carried on by the British in South Africa are purely military, and involve the Navy very little. Whatever difficulties Great Britain may experience in the Transvaal, and whatever misfortune may overtake her there, the might of Great Britain on the sea will not be affected thereby. This world-empire has such magnificent resources of strength and power that it may well be beaten, but never vanquished. European intervention would transplant a local South African war to Europe, and that would be a worse evil for the civilised world than a defeat of the Boers."—*Reuter.*

AMERICAN SYMPATHY.

The news of the British reverse at Ladysmith created a great sensation throughout the United States. It was received everywhere (says the New York correspondent of the "Daily Mail") with feelings of the profoundest regret. The sympathies of the American people are undoubtedly with the besieged British forces facing overwhelming odds, and the opinion is general that the Englishmen are bound eventually to turn the reverse into a victory and do full credit to the Anglo-Saxon race. The comments of the papers are all in this tenor, and not one unsympathetic word has been uttered.

The "Evening Post" takes a hopeful view of the situation, and says:—"The British loss, severe and galling as it is, does not radically alter the military outlook." The "Post" attributes the disaster to "the long and almost exclusive experience of the British officers in fighting savage hordes, who never turn when once they are broken. This has led them to press too audaciously upon soldiers who had the stomach to rally and to retrieve an apparently lost field."

The "Commercial Advertiser" upholds Sir George White, and says that he did the best he could, but was obliged to take desperate chances. "He has done what he was sent to do. He has held back a superior force as long as energy and skill could do it with equality in strategy and equipment. This means a deliberate sacrifice of troops. It is easy to talk of reckless risk and waste of lives, but these troops were put there to be destroyed. They are doing their duty, and meanwhile those Englishmen who blame Sir George White ought to be silenced."

SYMPATHETIC FEELING IN ITALY.

A painful impression has been produced in political circles in Rome by the news of the disaster to a British column at Ladysmith. All Italians are now watching the fortunes of the British troops in Natal, and (says the Standard's" correspondent) wishing them success in their enterprise for the cause of civilisation and humanity. Should the army of General White suffer defeat, it will not be regarded by Italians in the light of a disaster that will eclipse the star of England either to Africa, Australia, or in any part of the world which acknowledges the sovereignty of the Queen. It is in that sense that the Marquis Visconti Venosta, the Foreign Minister, has telegraphed the sympathies of Italians to the Marquess of Salisbury and Mr. Chamberlain. The Marquess yesterday received Major Gentili, who is about to leave for South Africa to watch the operations of the British Army.

ANOTHER EMINENT SURGEON FOR THE FRONT.

If people want to be surgically treated, remarked the son of an eminent surgeon the other day, they will shortly have to go out to South Africa! Not only is Sir William MacCormac going to help to cure the wounded, but apparently the finest operators in London are going with him. The Press Association is informed that the Secretary of State for War has appointed the eminent surgeon, Mr. Frederick Treves, consulting surgeon to the troops engaged in the war in South Africa. Mr. Treves has had an exceptionally brilliant career, and has attained world-wide fame as an abdominal surgeon. He was for many years surgeon and lecturer on surgery at the London Hospital. He has also been lecturer and examiner at the College of Surgeons, and examiner at the University of Cambridge. He is the author of many text books on anatomy and surgery, the most famous being his work on intestinal obstruction, which gained the Jacksonian Prize Essay, at the College of Surgeons. Mr. Treves is surgeon-in-ordinary to the Duke of York, and he leaves England immediately for the seat of war.

It is understood that Mr. R. L. Swan, President of the Royal College of Surgeons, Ireland, has placed his services at the disposal of the Government for service in the Transvaal.

A DIARY OF THE WAR.

The following is a diary of the chief incidents in the War up to the end of this week:—

Oct. 10.—Transvaal Ultimatum received in London and reply sent. Free Staters cross into Natal.
" 11.—Lainz's Nek occupied by Transvaal Boers.
" 12.—Western border crossed 40 miles south of Mafeking. Enemy cut railway and telegraph. British agent, leave Pretoria.
" 13.—Boers shell an armoured train south of Mafeking, Lieutenant Nesbitt and crew captured.
" 14.—Mafeking attacked. Enemy repulsed with loss. Newcastle (Natal) abandoned.
" 15.—Railway destroyed and telegraph wires cut by Free Staters south of Kimberley.
" 20.—British victory at Glencoe. Our losses: Killed 38, wounded 191.
" 21.—Elands Laagte. A second victory. British losses: Killed 51, wounded 210. The enemy lost 100 killed and wounded, with 200 missing and 300 captured. General Joubert, with the Boer main column advances south. Dundee shelled.
" 22.—Dundee evacuated. General Yule marches south with the Glencoe column to join Sir G. White.
" 24.—Enemy defeated at Rietfontein. Our casualties: Killed 12, wounded 103, missing 2. Successful sortie from Kimberley.
" 25.—General Yule's column arrives at Ladysmith.
" 27.—Sortie from Ladysmith to Lombard's Kop. Boers withdraw.
" 28.—Enemy mounting heavy guns overlooking Ladysmith.
" 30.—Battle at Ladysmith. Two British battalions and a mountain battery captured by Boers.
" 31.—Artillery duel at Ladysmith. Little damage done by Boers.

A SERIOUS explosion occurred on Oct. 30, at the Rochdale-road branch of the Manchester Corporation Gas Works. A 24-inch main was fractured and the escaping gas ignited, and this caused a fire, which burnt fiercely for several hours. Mr. Stevenson, the manager, received such injuries that he died a few hours later, and the deputy-manager and 11 of the workmen were also hurt.

SMOKE "RICHMOND GEM"—Cigarettes in round air-tight tins of 50, of all Tobacconists.

THE PEACE CONFERENCE AT THE HAGUE.

THE Foreign Office has issued a Blue Book containing a voluminous correspondence respecting the Peace Conference at The Hague. It includes full reports of the meetings of the various commissions and the text of the conventions in which the results of their labours were embodied. In the following despatch, which elicited from her Majesty's Government a warm and well-merited expression of approval, the British representatives summed up the general results achieved:—

The Hague, July 31, 1899.

My Lord,—On the eve of the departure from The Hague of her Majesty's delegation after the close of the Peace Conference, we venture to lay before your lordship the following observations on the results of that important gathering:—

Those results happily have dispelled the gloomy predictions of failure so largely indulged in when the rescript of his Imperial Majesty the Emperor of Russia was first made public, and, indeed, they have greatly surpassed the expectations of its most enthusiastic supporters.

Many of the delegates assembled at The Hague entered upon their duties with the conviction that nothing practical would come of their labours, and their mission would end in the expression of benevolent sentiments and of pious hopes for the preservation of peace.

But before they had been at work a fortnight a remarkable change came over the spirit of the Conference, and it was discovered that with a little good will it would be possible to arrive at a common understanding on some of the questions propounded by the circular of Count Mouravieff, and which continue to agitate the civilised world.

It is true that the question of disarmament, or even of the limitation of armaments and budgets, which was put to the forefront in the circular, presented so many difficulties from a practical point of view that it was necessarily abandoned for the present.

But on other points success was achieved, and in the brief space of two months a great international work has been accomplished, fraught with the highest promise for the advancement of civilisation and the good of mankind.

That work consists in the production of three most important and beneficent codes destined to preserve the blessings of peace and to lessen the calamities of war.

Thanks to the noble initiative of one of the youngest and at the same time one of the most powerful rulers of the world, the great family of nations has met in solemn conclave to devise measures for the settlement of future differences on the basis of reason and justice, and to denounce the arbitrament of the sword.

Thus the new century will open with brighter prospects of international peace, and all nations must hail with satisfaction the admirable work of the Conference in humanising the laws of war both on land and at sea.

But the most important result of the Conference is the great work it has produced in its "project of a convention for the pacific settlement of international conflicts." That work, even if it stood alone, would proclaim the success of the Conference. It was elaborated by a committee composed of distinguished jurists and diplomatists, and it constitutes a complete code on the subject of good offices, mediation, and arbitration. Its most striking and novel feature is the establishment of a permanent Court of international arbitration, which has so long been the dream of the advocates of peace, destined, apparently, until now never to be realised.

On this subject we commend to your lordship's attention the valuable and interesting report presented to the Conference by M. le Chevalier Descamps.

The labours of the Conference have been very severe, and we cannot close this despatch without expressing the high sense we entertain of the valuable services rendered to us and to the Conference by the British naval and military delegates—Vice-Admiral Sir John Fisher, Major-General Sir John Ardagh, and Lieutenant-Colonel a Court.

The important part which they took in the deliberations of the Conference, and the great technical knowledge as well as sound judgment which they displayed, will have been apparent to your lordship from the reports of the proceedings.

We desire also to record our high appreciation of the services of Mr. R. P. Maxwell, Mr. Arthur Peel, and Mr. Ronald Hamilton. Mr. Maxwell's great experience and ability proved of special value to us, and he was most ably seconded in his important duties by both Mr. Arthur Peel and Mr. R. Hamilton. We most heartily commend their zeal and industry to your lordship's approval.—We have, &c.,

(Signed) JULIAN PAUNCEFOTE.
HENRY HOWARD.

BRITISH TRADE WITH CHINA.

THE Chinese Minister is about to make a tour through the principal industrial districts of Great Britain. His Excellency is a staunch friend of England, and is keenly desirous of benefiting both this country (to which he is accredited) and his own, by extending and developing the commercial relations existing between them. His impressions and observations will, therefore, be later on embodied in a book to be published in Chinese by his Government, for the use of his own countrymen, and in English for the use of ourselves. His Excellency knows that in return for the protection accorded by the mother country to her colonies the latter carry on a considerable trade with Great Britain. By extending considerably the trade between China and this country, which His Excellency is confident is the result to which his present tour will effectually contribute, he hopes to secure Great Britain's friendship and support for the empire he represents.

His Excellency will travel in considerable state, accompanied by the Attaches of the Chinese Legation and his secretaries, as representing his Government. His Excellency has placed an additional month (December) at the disposal of Mr. Laurence Cowen, the hon. sec. of the Article Club, who is organising the tour, in addition to the month of January, as already announced. This addition to the time devoted by the Chinese Minister to his enterprise is a further proof of the earnestness and thoroughness he is bringing to bear upon the undertaking.

It is to be hoped that the local authorities will take advantage of the opportunity thus afforded for turning to the utmost account the benefit which may confidently be hoped for from the Chinese Minister's presence among us and the avowed object of that visit. Promises of cordial co-operation have already been given, and preliminary arrangements sketched out. Generally speaking, these will take the shape of the presentation of an address of welcome to his Excellency on his arrival and of his entertainment at a public banquet. Moreover, it is his desire to visit, under the auspices of the local authorities, the various public buildings and institutions and other objects of interest.

MUNYON'S HOMŒOPATHIC REMEDIES.

If I were asked what feature of my business had contributed most to my success I would unhesitatingly say, "Telling the truth."—MUNYON.

AN EVANGELIST OF MYSORE SOUNDS THEIR PRAISE.

Mr. Ben. A. Arogyam, Evangelist, London Mission, Hoskole, *via* Whitefield, South India, writes: "It is nearly eight months since a box of your Asthma Cure was sent to me at my request. I tried it in my own case and found it to be the very best medicine I have ever tried. Kindly excuse me for not writing to you before this, and thanking you for the benefit I received. I am sounding the praises of your remedies far and wide. Being an Evangelist, I have many opportunities of seeing sick people, and find that they gladly accept your medicines when they see that one of their own country has found relief from Munyon's Remedies. I am a living advertisement for your remedies, as I have the greatest faith in them, and tell the same to all others."

Every Day Adds New Names to the Long List of People who have been Restored to Health.

☞ Send for MUNYON'S "Guide to Health."

47 Remedies for 47 Ailments.

Bombay:—BEYNON & Co., THOMSON & TAYLOR, KEMP & Co., and F. B. MURZBAN & Co.; Jumma Musjid:—DARA BROS.; Crawford Market:—D. C. GOMRIGAR & Co.; Byculla:—N. POWELL & Co.; Poona:—BEYNON & Co.; Igatpura, Lonauli, Mhow Bhusawal and Nagpur: The CO-OPERATIVE STORES; Nagpur J. J. VELLOZ; Hyderabad (Deccan):—LESLIE GAY & Co.; and all respectable Chemists.

Wholesale:—MUNYON'S INDIAN AGENCY
23, Apollo Street, Bombay.

SMOKE "RICHMOND GEM"—Cigarettes in round air-tight tins of 50, of all Tobacconists.

Cuticura REMEDIES

THE SET 6s.

Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin, CUTICURA Ointment, to heal the skin, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool the blood, is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring skin, scalp, and blood humours, rashes, itchings, and irritations, with loss of hair, when the best physicians, and all other remedies fail.

SAVE YOUR HAIR Warm shampoos with CUTICURA SOAP, followed by light dressings with CUTICURA, purest of emollients, and greatest of skin cures, will clear the scalp and hair of crusts, scales, and dandruff, soothe irritated and itching surfaces, stimulate the hair follicles, and produce luxuriant, lustrous hair, with clean, wholesome scalp, when all else fails.

Sold throughout the world. PRICE, THE SET, 6s.; or, SOAP, 1s.; OINTMENT, 2s. 6d.; RESOLVENT, 2s. 6d. Postpaid by F. NEWBERY & SONS, London. POTTER D. AND C. CORP., Props., U.S.A. How to Cure Humours, free.

THE BEST REFRESHER IN INDIA.

TENNENT'S

J. & R. TENNENT'S Wellpark Brewery Glasgow TRADE MARK J. & R. Tennent PILSENER BEER BREWED IN SCOTLAND

Per Case of 4 doz. Quarts— Rs. 22.0 —

Per Case of 8 doz. Pints— Rs. 31.0 —

LIBERAL DISCOUNT to PURCHASERS of FIVE CASES and UPWARDS.

PILSENER BEER

CALCUTTA:—Turner, Morrison & Co. BOMBAY:—Allridge, Shand & Co., Ltd. KARACHI:—Graham & Co. MADRAS:—Binny & Co. RANGOON:—A. Shaw & Co.

S. & H. HARRIS.

HARRIS'S HARNESS COMPOSITION

HARRIS'S BRITISH Polishing Paste

WATERPROOF.

Sold by all Saddlers and Storekeepers.

MANUFACTORY - - - LONDON, E.

SAINT-RAPHAËL

TONIC, RESTORATIVE, DIGESTIVE WINE

Very palatable.

Known throughout the world and prescribed in all cases of ***Anæmia, Debility*** *and* ***Convalescence,*** *to* ***young women, children*** *and the* ***aged.*** *Invaluable in hot climates.*

DOSE: One wine-glass after the two principal meals.

Each bottle of genuine VIN DE SAINT-RAPHAËL *bears, in addition to the registered trade-mark:*

(1) The WARRANTY STAMP of the UNION DES FABRICANTS.
(2) A METAL SEAL advertising CLETEAS.

CLETEAS *is a* MELISSA *and* MINT *cordial which surpasses all others by its purety and faultless preparation.*

To be taken on a lump of sugar.

MINCER & Co., Sole Agents for *Madras*. PHILLIPS & Co., Agents in *Bombay*.
PREPARED BY: CLÉMENT & Co., *Valence* (Drôme, France).

BABES

THE BEST DILUENT & DIGESTIVE OF COWS MILK IS BARLEY WATER

Made From

ROBINSON'S PATENT BARLEY

Ideal Milk

Enriched 20 per cent. with Cream.

STERILIZED— NOT SWEETENED.

A Perfect Substitute for Fresh Milk.

Superior in quality to every other brand of Unsweetened Milk.

AN UP TO DATE PRACTICAL INVENTION FOR MAKING ANY AËRATED WATER YOURSELF OR AËRATING ANY LIQUID WITHOUT DILUTION, WITH THE SPECIAL BOTTLE AND "Sparklets" SHOWN AT SIDE.

SPECIAL BOTTLE.

1 doz. "Sparklets" weight 4 ozs. One "Sparklets" the equivalent of 1½ bottles Soda Water.

SOME ADVANTAGES.

No Cumbersome Apparatus.
Pure Fresh Aëration.
Done in a Minute.
You Aërate What, When, & Where you choose.

"Sparklets" Patentees: Aerators, Ltd. London, E.C.

INVALUABLE in every Home.

RECOMMENDED by the Medical Profession.

INDISPENSABLE away from Home.

ECONOMICAL, PURE, PORTABLE, SIMPLE.

Tablets & Fruit Powders, readily soluble in water, supplied for making any Mineral or Medicinal Water or Refreshing Fruit and Tonic Drinks.

Supplied by ALL CHEMISTS, STORES, &c.

SIMPLE INSTRUCTIONS SUPPLIED WITH EACH BOTTLE.

LEA & PERRINS'

OBSERVE THAT THE SIGNATURE

Lea & Perrins

IS NOW PRINTED IN BLUE INK DIAGONALLY ACROSS THE OUTSIDE WRAPPER of every Bottle of the ORIGINAL WORCESTERSHIRE

Sold Wholesale by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, Ltd., London; and Export Oilmen generally.

RETAIL EVERYWHERE.

SAUCE.

BOILED UP and PRESERVE YOUR HEALTH and Fortify the System against Disease with

WILKINSON'S

ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA

Estd. since 1829. SARSAPARILLA

Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES the most WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD

THE SAFEST AND MOST RELIABLE REMEDY FOR TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, WEAK AND LANGUID FEELINGS, &c.

Over 60 Years' WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION.

IMPORTANT EVIDENCE.

"We cannot speak too highly of it."—LANCET.
"We recommend your Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla."—MEDICAL REVIEW.
"The only preparation for removing what may be called the sequelæ of a mercurial course."—Sir E. MARTIN.
The Lord Lord CLYDE said:—"I can never without it, for, when feeling depressed or out of sorts from anxiety or fatigue, a dose or two animates me."
"It cured me of Torpid Liver after all other remedies failed."—EARL OF ALDBOROUGH.

REFUSE ALL SUBSTITUTES. BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

N.B. Indispensable to Residents Abroad.

A Celebrated Physician says:—"I always prescribed it with almost universal success in those complaints which are engendered in Tropical Climates, and no one should be without it."

WILKINSON'S (Established since 1829.) HAS STOOD THE TEST OF TIME, AND THE SARSAPARILLA VERY HIGHEST AUTHORITIES pronounce it THE BEST.

☞ Beware of Substitutes & Worthless Imitations.

AGENTS:—TREACHER & Co., Limited; PHILLIPS & Co., Limited KEMP & Co., &c., &c.

Vinolia Soap

Don't use Boiled Soap for the Toilet.

VINOLIA IS A REFINED SOAP.

It keeps the complexion fresh and clear.

No other soap has received such high awards as VINOLIA SOAP.

DON'T ECONOMIZE AT THE EXPENSE OF YOUR COMPLEXION.

For Itching. For Itching. For Itching. For Itching. For Itching.

FOR Itching, Sunburn, Insect Bites, Rash &c.

Face Spots. Face Spots. Face Spots. Face Spots. Face Spots.

The Editor, "BABY," reports:—For acne spots on the face it is undoubtedly efficacious, frequently healing eruptions, and removing pimples in a few days. It relieves itching at once.

VINOLIA SOAPS.—ALL PRICES, VINOLIA SHAVING STICKS AND CAKES AND VINOLIA POWDER (FOR THE COMPLEXION).

"CARLTON" WHISKEY.

ELEVEN YEARS OLD & FIVE YEARS OLD

THESE GRAND OLD SCOTCH WHISKIES are shipped only by RICHARD MATHEWS AND COMPANY, of London and Inverness, who are sole possessors of the Brand "CARLTON" They are distilled from the finest Highland Malt only, are in every respect equal to the best Cognac Brandy, and guaranteed to be entirely free from Fusil Oil or other noxious impurities.

The following letter has been received from the Secretary of the "CARLTON" CLUB:—

CARLTON CLUB, Dec. 20, 1875.

GENTLEMEN,—In reply to your enquiry as to whether the Whiskey you are supplying to this Club is approved by the Members, the best answer I can give is that the consumption of this Whiskey in the Club has GREATLY INCREASED since it has been supplied by your firm. There can be no doubt whatever about the Whiskey being MOST EXCELLENT. It is Old and Soft, and I may safely say that it is much approved by the Members

Yours obediently,
W. GRIFFIN SUTTON, *Secretary.*

CARLTON RICHARD MATHEWS & Co'S TRADE MARK WHISKEY

CAUTION.—It has come to the knowledge of the shippers of the "CARLTON" WHISKIES, that the empty Bottles have been dishonestly refilled with the poisonous trash very often sold in India under the name of WHISKEY, this is therefore to caution consumers to CAREFULLY EXAMINE the CORKS and CAPSULES to see they have not been tampered with; also that the Corks, Capsules and Labels are branded with their Trade Mark.

Sold Everywhere. Wholesale of all Wholesale Houses.

Shipper: RICHARD MATHEWS & Co., "Carlton" Whiskey Merchants, London.

FATE OF ANDREE.

REAR-ADMIRAL B. CAMPION, C.B., forwards the following letter to the *Times*:—I enclose extract from a letter just received from my nephew, Mr. Alston, son of the late Commander Alston, R.N., who is in charge of Fort Churchill, the most northern post of the Hudson Bay Company. He has been there five years, I think, and talks Eskimo, and from what he relates all hope of the ballooners must be given up, I fear, although the other two may be alive.

"AUG. 1, 1899.

"You will, however, no doubt, be greatly surprised to learn the loss of the Andree expedition up North. In the early part of this spring an Eskimo named Old Donald's Son, with some more Eskimos, were trading in the shop. After they had finished they all went out, but Old Donald's Son, who wanted to know if the balloon had started, as two white men had been killed up north last summer, and it was supposed they had come from the balloon.

"I did not take much heed to the story, but, as a matter of duty, reported it to Dr. Milne at Fort York. Later on, however, two more Eskimos, Stockby and his brother, came in, and they brought news which leaves very little doubt that the expedition has come to grief up north.

"Stockby's brother, whilst hunting musk oxen last summer, came across a party of four white men shooting deer. A party of Eskimos who were approaching at the time did not see the deer, and thought that the white men were shooting at them. They thereupon drew their bows and arrows and shot two of the whites, killing them on the spot. The other two ran away, pursued by the Eskimos, and it is not known if they escaped or not. Stockby's brother saw the two poor fellows lying dead with arrows through them. One was a middle-aged man, short, broad, and stout; the other was a young man. The elder had on a knicker-bocker suit, with striped stockings; the younger had on a cloth suit, and they both had on cheese cutter or badge caps. The Eskimos wanted Stockby's brother to go back with them, as there was a big round thing up north full of tobacco, cloths, ammunition, &c., but he did not go. He, however, brought in two wolf-skin carpets and a part of the dress worn by the Eskimo in the Far North, just to prove that he had been as far as he said. I have reported this to the commissioner."

"A. D. ALSTON."

THE UNITED STATES AND THE PHILIPPINES.

THE correspondent at New York of the *Manchester Guardian* telegraphed on Oct. 26:—The Philippines Commission is now at Washington preparing a report which, they say, will be unanimous. Its contents are carefully guarded, but I have authority for saying that it will clear up one mystery about the military operations. Why these are so closely confined to the line of railway is something of a puzzle. The Commission explain that the American troops are forced to rely on the line for the transportation of supplies, while Aguinaldo, they assert, dares not operate in the interior for fear of an attack by a rival Filipino faction. According to Admiral Dewey the war may last for ever unless the Americans secure an enormous force of pack animals to supply the large body of troops. He still remains of the opinion that the first effort should be to convince the natives of our good faith and genuine desire to help them to set up a Government of their own. The policy in force up to the present—half conciliation and half fighting—is condemned by all the commissioners.

Washington Nov. 1, ("Morning Post").—I learn today that the members of the Philippine Peace Commission have unanimously informed the President that the Philippines ought to be retained by the United States. The decision of the Commission will not be made known until a day or two before the State elections, which take place next Tuesday, the belief being that it will act as a "knock-out blow" for the Democratic Anti-Expansionists. Mr. Schurman, of Cornell University, Admiral Dewey, Mr. Worcester, and other men of known moderate views are members of the Commission, and undoubtedly this result of their personal investigation will carry great weight, and will probably be the deciding influence in causing the country to declare for expansion.

General Otis cables that he has declined the application of the Insurgent Government to send five Commissioners to Manila to arrange the difficulties attending the [illegible] and to discuss peace conditions. Negotiations, he adds, are unnecessary, as he would gladly receive the Spanish prisoner at the American lines.

The following telegrams has been received at Washington on Oct. 28, from General Otis:—"General Young struck the Insurgents at Santa Rosa, north of San Isidro, on Friday, driving them away and capturing some of their property. Two Americans were killed and one wounded.

General Otis now has under his command, according to war department information, a total of 39,000 troops. The last of the volunteers designated for his command will embark at San Francisco on Nov. 15. These, with others already en route, will give him a force of 65,000 men which it is indended to despatch to the front as rapidly as possible with a view to overwhelm the enemy by strength of numbers.

It is considered at Washington that there is no doubt that the treaty with Spain gives sufficient authority for the cession of the entire Philippine archipelago to the United States. If it did not, the fact would not be to Spain's benefit, for it is held in official quarters that the islands in the north of the archipelago belong to Japan.

GREAT FIRE IN MANCHESTER.

A DISASTROUS explosion occurred on Oct. 30 at the Rochdale Road branch of the Corporation Gas Works, Manchester. The manager of the branch, Mr. George Stevenson, lost his life; the deputy-manager, Mr. Hill, was severely burned, and eleven of their assistants were also sufferers, two of them having to be detained at the Royal Infirmary as in-patients. The cause of the explosion has not been ascertained. It is conjectured, however, that some mishap attended the operation, in progress at the time of the explosion, of transferring the plant from an old meter-house to a new one, and that some gas which might have escaped while the alterations were going on was possibly ignited from a light in the clock tower. The explosion, which was heard over a wide area, is thought to have taken place in a twenty-four-inch main, and the immediate effect besides the injury to every one at work on the spot, was to set fire to the meter-house and the tower. The utmost care had to be exercised to prevent the flames from extending to other parts of the works. The fire brigade having been sent for, the staff of the works speedily turned their attention to the cutting off as far as possible of all connections with the main in which the fire was burning. This required great care, as there was a risk of exercising too great a pressure of water on the meters, which would have caused further explosions. The fire brigade were quickly on the scene, but could only extinguish the flames which caught hold of the building. Thousands of feet of gas continued to flare out of the old meter-house. Tons of water were poured on the fractured main, but just when it seemed that the firemen were successful there was another fierce burst of flame. The firemen then proceeded to cut the two mains which fed the fire, a work of great danger, as the place was burning like a furnace. Below the tower of the meter-house the flames enveloped the four legs on which the tower stands. Twenty yards or so away the huge hydraulic charger of the retorts was working; the live coals, however, were quickly pulled from the furnaces, and great clouds of steam arose as the embers were damped down, so that the yard resembled a great cauldron. At one o'clock the clock tower was in such a ruined condition that it was feared it would collapse into large tank containing 500,000 cubic feet of gas. The firemen, however, stuck gallantly to their work. At four o'clock good progress had been made in cutting the connections and at half-past four the fire was under control. The fire was practically out and further danger averted at six o'clock. The gas supply of the city was not seriously interfered with. Mr. Stevenson, who, when the explosion occurred, was blown a distance of some yards from the meter-house, was taken to the infirmary, where he died from the effects of his injuries during the afternoon. He had formerly held appointments at gas works in Aberdare, Peterborough, and Buenos Ayres. Mr. J. R. Hill was conveyed to his home.

THE SERVICES AT HOME.

INDIA OFFICE.—November 3.

ARRIVALS REPORTED IN LONDON.

Capt F H Eliott, B
Mr C A Macpherson, B
Mr E Wood, B
Mr J Klingelhofer, Bo
Brig-Gen E Blakeney
Major H Welman
Capt W H Millar
Capt R M Anderson
Lieut L Slaster
Lieut W T Barry
Lieut H Le T Darley
Lieut H W Stace

EXTENSIONS OF LEAVE.

Major A W D Leahy, LMS, B, 1 mo MC
Capt H T Pritchard, B, 12 mo extraordinary leave
Mr J E Gill, B Cov, furl on MC to March 9, 1900 (cancels permission to return)
Mr J C Arbuthnot, *CIE*, B Cov, 3 mo furl
Mr B K Mallick, B Cov, 3 mo furl
Mr T C Wilson, B Cov, 5 days' furl
Major J C Marsden, IMS, M, 2 mo MC
Major D Simpson, IMS, M, 4 days' furl
Lieut-Col W C F Field, till May 7, 1900
Mr J E Paul, M special leave commuted to furl on MC, for 8 mo
Lieut-Col R F Jameson, 6 mo
Lieut-Col F C Baker, 3 mo
Major P E Dixon, 301 days
Major P Hehir, 3 mo
Capt T Fraser, to await result of Staff College examination
Capt W E A Bladeney, 2 mo
Capt C H Bedford, 3 mo
Lieut T J Bolland, 2 mo
Lieut A F Hislop, 6 mo
Lieut F T Duhan, 3 mo
Lieut H St A Wake, 14 days

PERMITTED TO RETURN.

Mr L P Shirres, B Cov
Mr H K James, B Cov
Mr T C Wilson, B Cov
Mr W B Chambers, B
Mr L N Szczepanski, B
Mr J S Battie, M
Mr F G Selby, Bo
Col C H Des Vœux
Lieut-Col H K Mckay
Major J Eardley Wilmot
Capt Wyrille-Thomson
Lieut Bythell
Lieut Lewis
Lieut Malvany
Capt E de V Wintle
Capt C E Lloyd
Capt C S D Leslie
Capt Ivor Philipps
Lieut F Bigg-Wither
Lieut J M C Colvin, FC
Lieut G B Sandford
Lieut F G Moore
Lieut L T Hay
Lieut G C Garratt
Lieut G Tate
Lieut R W M Walker
Asst. Engineer T H Avery

NOTICES.

Never Look Old

There is no need of it. You can look at thirty as if you are sixteen. Then why look as if you are sixty?

Thick and glossy hair belongs to youth. Thin and faded hair to old age.

will make your hair soft and glossy, rich and abundant. It will keep your scalp free from dandruff, and will surely prevent your hair from falling out.

It Never Fails to Restore the Natural Color to the Hair

It gives to the hair that soft, glossy appearance so natural to early life. For men, this means the look of strength and power. For women, it is the one ornament of youthful beauty.

Remember that pimples, rashes, and like disfigurements of the face may be thoroughly removed by taking a course of treatment with Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It will make the skin smooth and the blood rich.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.

Wholesale Agents —KEMP & Co., Ld Bombay

An Assassin

Rheumatism is like an assassin. It creeps up from behind when your back is turned. Before you know it you are in its power, and the terrible pains and aches that follow are even worse than if the assassin's knife was driven into your flesh.

LITTLE'S Oriental Balm

is the one and the only true and sure cure for Rheumatism. It is applied outwardly, and penetrates with astonishing quickness to the Blood itself, where the trouble is located. It destroys and drives out all the acids and impurities that cause Rheumatism, and restores the vigor of youth to stiffened joints and aching muscles.

Little's Oriental Balm is certain in its action. It has never failed to cure the worst cases of Rheumatism when the directions are faithfully followed. It has brought relief to thousands, and will cure thousands more.

Sold at Re. 1 per bottle. Of all chemists and medicine vendors throughout the civilized world.

Agents for Bombay —KEMP & Co., Ld.

"A PERFECT Food for Infants."
MRS. ADA S. BALLIN,
Editress of "Baby."

Over 70 Years' Established Reputation.

Neave's Food

BEST and CHEAPEST

For INFANTS and INVALIDS, CHILDREN and The AGED.

"Very carefully prepared and highly nutritious."—LANCET.

"Equally suitable to Invalids and Old People."—MEDICAL MAGAZINE.

NEAVE'S FOOD has for some time been used in

THE RUSSIAN IMPERIAL FAMILY.

"Admirably adapted to the wants of Infants and Young Persons"
SIR CHARLES A. CAMERON, M.D.,
Ex-President of the Royal College of Surgeons, Ireland.

"Contains all the elements of Food in an easily digested form."
GORDON STABLES, M.D., R.N.

A MOST NUTRITIOUS FOOD FOR NURSING MOTHERS.

FREEMAN'S ORIGINAL CHLORODYNE.

None genuine without the "Elephant" Trade Mark.

Held in highest estimation for more than half a century.

CURES DIARRHOEA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA, NEURALGIA, AGUE, COLDS, DENGUE FEVER.

REJECT SUBSTITUTES.

EPPS'S COCOA

Possesses the following Distinctive Merits:

DELICACY OF FLAVOR.
SUPERIORITY IN QUALITY.
GRATEFUL and COMFORTING to the NERVOUS or DYSPEPTIC.
NUTRITIVE QUALITIES UNRIVALLED.
YOUR GROCER AND STOREKEEPER SELL IT.

Sold only in ¼ lb. and 1 lb. Tins.
Prepared by JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London, Eng.

EPPS'S COCOA.

THE "COVENTRY WATCH."

STERLING SILVER.
STERLING SILVER.
STERLING SILVER.

SPECIAL OFFER OF ENGLISH-MADE WATCHES AT HITHERTO IMPOSSIBLE PRICES.

18-CARAT GOLD.
18-CARAT GOLD.
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ENGLISH-MADE.
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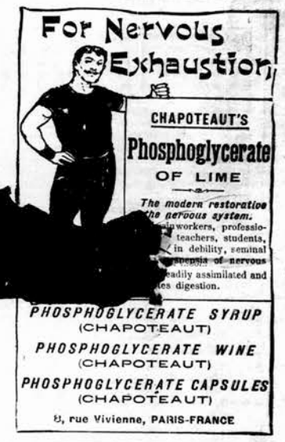

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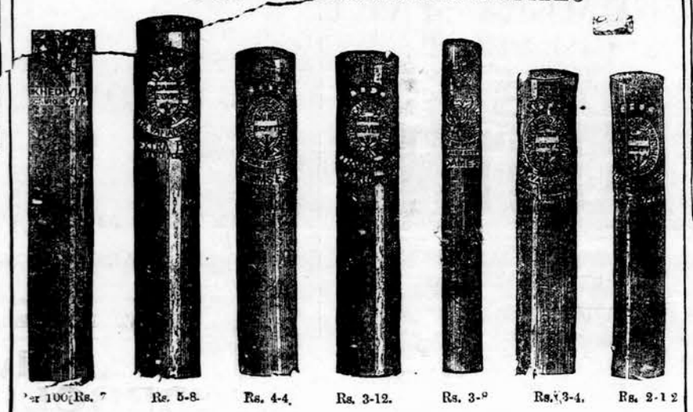

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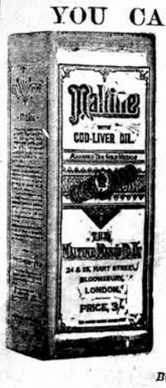

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